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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,707—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1896.

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DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	FRIDAY, 5 P.M.
B.I. SHANNON	4189	E. Crewe	12th June.
† GANGES	4276	T. F. Creery	19th "
B.I. PENINSULAR	5287	F. H. Seymour	26th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	A. Symons	3rd July.
B.I. THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	10th "
† GANGES	4276	T. F. Creery	17th "
R.M.I. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	24th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	A. Symons	31st "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5263	M. DeHorne	7th Aug.
† GANGES	4276	T. F. Creery	14th "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	21st "
† SHANNON	4189	E. Crewe	28th "

The Steamers marked R. I. proceed to BRINDISI, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.

The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.

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ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,255	350	7th June 1896
VINDOBONA	C. Bellen	4,351	350	7th July 1896

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

To TRIESTE or VENICE	2nd Class.	Deck.
	Rs. 225	Rs. 150

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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	A. Orlando	4,409	350	21st June 1896

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on Saturday.
SYDNEY	4322	C. Aubert	13th June 1896.
CALEDONIEN	4229	C. L. Blanc	11th July "
MELBOURNE	4080	C. Bourdon	8th August "
SALAZIE	4255	Chevalier	5th Sept. "
SAGHALIEN	4049	Le Gall	3rd October "
NATAL	4074	Verron	31st " "

DEPARTURES TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Capt.	Tons.	To sail on
YARRA	DeMaubouge	4,255	2nd July.

Fourweekly departures thereafter.

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S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on the 9th June, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on or about the 11th June, noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

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Bombay, 5th June, 1896.

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BUGS,
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It is Unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS, and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs.

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THE TRUE PARSI,
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CAMEL-HAIR BELTING.
REDDAWAY v. BANHAM.
IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS, MARCH 26TH, 1896.
BY JUDGMENT delivered this day their Lordships unanimously reversed the decision of the Court of Appeal and confirmed the findings of the Jury on the trial of the action. The questions left to the Jury and their answers thereto were as follows:—
Q. "Does 'Camel-Hair Belting' mean belting made by the Plaintiffs as distinguished from belting made by any other manufacturers?"—A "YES."
Q. "Or does it mean belting of a particular kind without reference to any particular maker?"—A "YES."
Q. "Do the Defendants so describe their belting as to be likely to mislead purchasers and to lead them to buy the Defendants' belting as and for the belting of the Plaintiffs?"—A "YES."
Q. "Did the Defendants endeavour to pass off their goods as and for the goods of the Plaintiffs so as to be likely as to deceive purchasers?"—A "YES."
Their Lordships ordered a Perpetual Injunction, and that the Defendants should pay the costs of the Action and Appeals.
CAUTION:
CAMEL-HAIR BELTING.
MESSRS. REDDAWAY, MANCHESTER, having continuously since the year 1879 applied the term "Camel-Hair" to Belting, such belting having acquired a world-wide reputation, and under that term become universally known as the exclusive manufacture of Messrs. F. Reddaway and Company, certain unscrupulous persons have recently adopted that term to endeavour to pass off their belting as the belting of Messrs. Reddaway and Company. Purchasers and users are warned against this fraud, and are requested to give information to the undersigned as to any cases of deception within their knowledge.
SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.,
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NOTICES.

MADRAS RACES.
OCTOBER MEETING.
OWNERS are reminded that the FIRST ENTRANCES for the OCTOBER MEETING to be held on the 3rd, 8th, 8th, and 10th OCTOBER 1896, CLOSE on MONDAY, the 15th June.
J. O. DOOD,
Secretary.

THE BOMBAY ASSOCIATION OF FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members of the Association will be held at the Chamber of Commerce Rooms, on THURSDAY, the 11th instant, at 4 P.M.
CLEMENT POOLE,
Secretary.
1, Elphinstone Circle, 4th June, 1896.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
SPECIAL PASSENGER TRAIN FROM LONAULI TO BOMBAY.
THE Public are hereby informed that on MONDAY, the Eighth Instant, a SPECIAL PASSENGER TRAIN will LEAVE LONAULI at 7 o'clock, and will ARRIVE in BOMBAY at 10-25.
The Train will stop at Khandala, Karjat, Neral, Kalyan, and Kyoulia, and First, Second and Third Class Passengers will be booked by this Train at the usual rates.
E. W. KEILY,
Acting General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the Third of June, 1896.

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THE First Volume of this work, embodying a vast amount of accurately recorded Folk Lore, Myths and Symbols, and giving especial prominence to the Mythology of India, and the Further East, has been already published.
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VOLUME I.

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1. The Axis or Spear, Pike or Pal.
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9. Natural Magnets; Meteorites and Beth-Ela.
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MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
In forty years Möller made many improvements: All the so-called substitutes were carefully examined and analyzed, emulsions and mixtures, tinctures and essences, the bases of which were everything nearly except Cod Liver Oil; and in the majority of cases no more expensive article than water (Aqua Pura).

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
With these investigations it became more and more evident to Dr. Möller (who continued the researches of his father) that the "Active principle of Cod Liver Oil is the Oil itself," and as some of the results have supposed in the "remaining five per cent." after the separation of the ninety-five per cent. of fat and fat-acids (so called).

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Impressed also with the fact that, excellent as his Oil was, there yet remained something to be accomplished, before perfection could be claimed—the fact no Oil had ever been made which presented the extremely delicate and pleasant flavour of the Oil as it is found in the *freshly boiled livers*, therefore.—

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Important laboratory extensions were added, with every modern appliance for chemical investigation, and the exhaustive experiments of some ten years being prosecuted with renewed vigour, finally obtained reward in full measure. The practical outcome is an entirely new process, producing a totally different Cod Liver Oil, lighter in colour, more limpid, wholly free from the taste, the "after taste," and the odour of even the better kinds of Oil, and SUITED TO THE MOST DELICATE STOMACH.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.
(BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
This oil is now in every good Chemist's shop, and although considerable outlay has been incurred in chemical research, and in obtaining patents, the prices have not been advanced. All bottles are capsuled and bear the trade mark and perforated date as formerly. In case of difficulty or dissatisfaction write to Peter Möller, 43, Snow Hill, London, E.C.

NOTES.
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY!
BY
DADABHAI NAOROJI.
Price, Re. 1. Postage half-anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BANKS.

CRÉDIT LYONNAIS.
ESTABLISHED 1863,
CAPITAL.....Frs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000
RESERVE FUND....Frs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000
BOMBAY BRANCH: ESPLANADE ROAD.
CENTRAL OFFICE: PARIS. HEAD OFFICE: LYONS.
BRANCHES in all the principal Towns of France and Algiers
LONDON OFFICE 40, Lombard Street, E.C.
WEST END BRANCH: 4, Cockspur Street, S.W.
BRANCH IN CALCUTTA.
FOREIGN BRANCHES.
Alexandria, St. Petersburg, Madrid, Brussels, Constantinople Cairo, Moscow, Barcelona, Genoa, Smyrna, Port Said, Odessa, Jerusalem
THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on all English and Foreign Towns.
Issues Letters of Credit.
Exchanges Foreign money, executes investment orders in Securities on all Indian, English, or Foreign Stock Exchanges, and gives information when required on Securities dealt in on the Leading Stock Exchanges.
Receives Securities for safe custody and collects interests or dividends on same on conditions to be arranged.
Grants advances in current account, or for fixed periods, on Rupee paper, approved stock, shares, bullion, and produce.
Opens deposit accounts, allowing interest on the daily balances.
Receives fixed deposits on terms to be ascertained on application.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yens 12,000,000 =	Rs. 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	" 4,500,000 =	" 9,000,000
RESERVE FUND	" 4,130,000 =	" 8,260,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES;
Kobe, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco Hawaii, and Shanghai.
BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK; The UNION BANK of LONDON; PARIS BANKING COMPANY & THE ALLIANCE BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY AGENCY:
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learned on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
M. TOSHIMA,
Agent.
Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED),
MADRAS.
ESTABLISHED 1885.
CAPITAL..... 25 LAKHS.
BRANCHES, BOMBAY, RAWULPINDI.
SUB-AGENCY—MURREE.
Summarised Statement of Affairs, year ended 31st December, 1895.
LIABILITIES.

Capital paid-up	Rs.	24,45,110	0 0
Reserves and Rest	"	10,70,540	12 8
Deposits	"	97,18,594	10 5
Bankers Balances	"	11,749	2 8
Bills and Acceptances	"	7,17,549	0 5
Sundries	"	1 13,005	7 11
Total	Rs.	1,40,86,549	13

ASSETS.

Cash	Rs.	9,18,989	10 2
Government and other Authorised Securities	"	4,86,145	9 4
Loans, Bills, Advances	"	1,19,19,602	0 4
Properties, Dead Stock	"	1,59,130	15 2
Bills, Contra, Sundries	"	5,79,901	1 1
Total	Rs.	1,40,86,549	13 1

N. B.—Fixed Deposits received at 5, 4½, 4, 3½, and 3 per cent. per annum for 36, 12, 9, 6, and 3 months, respectively.
By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £160,000
HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden; and Cawnpore.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere,
LONDON 52:—Threadneedle Street. E.C
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.
CAPITAL ...Frs. 160,000,000 (£4,000,000)
LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta, Bombay, Tunis, San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney, Tamatave, and Tananarivo.
Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000. Rates to be learnt on application.
Special Arrangements may be obtained on application.
Deposit Accounts are opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the chief Commercial Towns of the World.
The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to the Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards, facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.
Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the hotels, further Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.
Dividends Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks cashed for customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, and Produce,
C. HENRIOT,
Manager.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."
CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER
FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It
Cures Old Sores,
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains.
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Translation of letter from Fiji.
The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.
"My Friend.—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg. I could not plant yams. I could not go fishing. I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of both is near.
"Preparation Day (Saturday). Bua, Vanual Levu.
Explanation of above Letter.
"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from 'Jonathan,' a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a lesser quantity will effect a cure.—I am dear Sir, yours faithfully
"T. EDGUMBE DUNSFORD,
45 Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892.
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.
Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that it is the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled traders. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp of Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture, blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.
GOLD MEDAL INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY.

THE NEW AMERICAN REMEDY
"PITCHER" WATER.
A BOON TO WOMEN.
"PITCHER" WATER is a safe and perfect cure for miscarriage and premature delivery, and other disorders of pregnancy. It has also been proved to be an effectual remedy for barrenness.
per Bot. Rs. 2-8; per doz. Rs. 24.
SOLE AGENTS. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., { BOMBAY AND POONA.

HEALTH HAS BEEN RESTORED, ENERGY REGAINED,
AND LIFE PROLONGED, IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.
BY THE USE OF THE
PHOSPHORUS COMPOUNDS
PREPARED BY
H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LD., LONDON.
THE ONLY FORM KNOWN TO BE A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE,
AND
CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED BY MEDICAL MEN IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
Twenty-five Years' Experience has established the Fact that these Pills supply the MOST EFFECTUAL MEANS of administering SAFELY and SUCCESSFULLY.
THE ONLY REMEDY FOR LOSS OF NERVE POWER,
NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, AND MENTAL DEPRESSION.
ARISING FROM
OVERWORK, WORRY, EXCESS, CLIMATIC and other DEPRESSING CAUSE.
These PILLS ARE TAKEN WITH GREAT BENEF

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	15 pr. ct.	1,455
Bank of Bengal	40,000	250	all	10 pr. ct.	1,330
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,370
Commercial & Ld. Mge ...	{10,000 / 15,000}	100	{100 / 75}	9 p.c.	171
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	80
Chartered	40,000	£20	£20	7½ pr. ct.	427
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	al	£1-5s.	£14 to 15
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly		
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	25	Nil	670
Anglo-Indian ...	1,345	100	100			70
Auraganbad S. & M. Co. Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..		1,000
Bellary S. & W. Co. Ld (Bellary)	371	90	all	9 per ct.		
Bombay Dist. of	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		290
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	900	500	500	dvd Rs.25		640
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld	600	1,000	1,000			730
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		700
Central India	1,000	1,000	500	dvd Rs.40		1,820
China Mills Co. Ld	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50		965
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		1,135
Coimbatore S. & W	1,000	100	100	..		110
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	25		800
Coorla Mills	4,000	700	..	dvd Rs12		680
Colaba Land & Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.20		745
Currumbhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50		1,135
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs.35		645
Dhan Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50		425
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25		605
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		670
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	30		775
Hingvaghat Mills	700	500	500	40		630
Howard and Bulloughs ..	1,500	500	500	25		785
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50		650
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	40		1,025
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	dvd Rs.15		570
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	50		1,310
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld ..	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		725
James Greaves	1,000	500	500	25		770
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	dvd Rs.20		225
Jamshedjee Manufacturing Co. ..	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10		260
Jawraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50		1,130
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	20		450
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs30		830xd
Khanagiam Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil		900
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	25		670
Anglo-Indian ...	1,345	100	100	Nil		70
Auraganbad S. & M. Co. Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..		1,000
Bellary S. & W Co. Ld (Bellary)	371	90	all	9 per ct.		
Bombay Dist. of	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		290
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	900	500	500	dvd Rs.25		640
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld	600	1,000	1,000			730
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		700
Central India	1,000	1,000	500	dvd Rs.40		1,820
China Mills Co. Ld	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50		965
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		1,135
Coimbatore S. & W	1,000	100	100	..		110
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	25		800
Coorla Mills	4,000	700	..	dvd Rs12		680
Colaba Land & Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.20		745
Currumbhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50		1,135
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs.35		645
Dhan Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50		425
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25		605
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		670
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	30		775
Hingvaghat Mills	700	500	500	40		630
Howard and Bulloughs ..	1,500	500	500	25		785
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50		650
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	40		1,025
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	dvd Rs.15		570
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	50		1,310
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld ..	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		725
James Greaves	1,000	500	500	25		770
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	dvd Rs.20		225
Jamshedjee Manufacturing Co. ..	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10		260
Jawraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50		1,130
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	20		450
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs30		830xd
Khanagiam Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil		900
Kohinoor	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		1,000
Kurla	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		1,000
Madhavji Dharamsi Manufacturing Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		1,000
Maharashtra Manufacturing Co. ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		1,000
Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		1,000
Maneckji Petit	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		1,000
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs100		2,810
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	dvd Rs 6		175
Morarji Goculdas	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs75		2,400
Mysore S & M Co Ld	6,000	{250 / 50}	{250 / 50}	dvd 44		...
Madura Mills	1,772	100	100	Nil		par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil		629
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 20		625
Oriental	5,725	625	625	dvd Rs20		499
Presidency Mills Co (Ld).	743	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50		1,425
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40		945
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60		1,199
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs80		1,910
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60		1,770
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40		965
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15		170
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	dvd Rs 12½		297½
Sun Mills, Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40		1,230
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil		315
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	dvd Rs20		745
Samoon and Co.	,000	50	50			50
Union Spinning Land Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30		715xd
Union Mills Ld	00	1,000	1,000			525
Ved Brahmachari Lakhmidas Khimchand Mill Co, Ld	900	500	500	dvd Rs40		410xd
Victoria Mills	556	1,000	1,000	Nil		450
Western India ..	1,200	1,000	1,000	35		830
Wadia Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	..		..

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

		guar.		
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	£100	all	5 p. c.
B. B. & C. I. R.	—	£ 18		6.

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75
Albert Gimming Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x
Bhownagger City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	500	250	250	25
Bombay Cotton Press Co., Ld	1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½
Bombay Cotton Press Co., Ld	800	200	200	14
Broach City Press Co., Ld	800	200	200	12
Colaba	800	1,889	1,889	dvd Rs 8
East India	350	1,000	1,000	75
English Press and Manfg ...	400	200	200	dvd Rs 8
Fort	150	8,500	500	dvd Rs 80
French	900	500	500	dvd Rs30
Harvey and Sabaghay	450	450	500	dvd Rs40
Hingol Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	dvd Rs11
Khaleejhai	240	450	450	Rs80
Mahuva Press Co., Ld	300	200	all	18 pr. ct.
Madhavpur Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld. ..	800	500	500	53
Mercantile	1,000	1,125	1,125	dvd Rs 9
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Nil
Munmar M.	1,000	250	all	15
New Berar	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs40
New Indian	4,000	125	125	dvd Rs 9
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	25
Satpanna (Bellary)	300	500	500	75
Samoon	900	500	500	20
Shed and Publishing Co	100	1,000	1,000	20
Sind	400	2,000	1,000	75
Somnath Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil
Surat City Press Co., Ld	370	200	all	16
Vakeel	—	1,000	10	dvd Rs5

MISCELLANEOUS.

			Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	15
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12
Baidhan Pills	8,000	100	100	100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation ...	1,000	2,500	1,500	300
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	75
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld	1,250	100	100	dvd 3
Bombay Land and Building Co, Ld	450	500	500	5 pr. ct.
Bombay Paper Mill	720	500	500	50
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000			500
Delhi and Northern India				
Four Mills	1,500	200	200	12
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,500	250	250	9 pr. ct.
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.
Kamp & Co.	4,000	300	175	21
Karachi Lee Landing	500	500	300	30
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	5,500	100	100	Nil
Marsha & Co., ...	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	100	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25
Soundy & Co..	1,000	100	100	9
Treacher & Co	2,500	500	25	50
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	60
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	100	dvd Rs1

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Gold	Rs. 27-9 Nom.
Gold Leaf	" 12-12
Pekin, bar Gold, old	" 27-7
Do. do. new	" 27-5
Australia bar Gold	" 27-5
Bombay bar Gold	" 27-7
Sovereigns	" 17-5
Do. Drazee	" 17-4
Silver T.	" 95-11
1794 Do.	" 95-14

MR. S. R. CROCKETT.

AN interesting account of Mr. S. R. Crockett and his stories, by Archibald Cromwell, appears in the May issue of the "Windsor Magazine."

"The son of a Galloway farmer, he was born at Duchrae, and educated at the Church Institution, Castle Douglas. After being a pupil-teacher, young Crockett went with a bursary to Edinburg University in 1876. Having finished his collegiate course he was a tutor, travelling overmuch of the old world during various engagements, during which period he began to feel his way in literature. Some of his poems were published under the title of 'Dulce Cor' in 1886. It is interesting to remark that the same words anglicised form part of the title of his later book, 'Sweet-heart Travellers.'

"Mr Crockett entered the Free Church ministry in 1886, commencing his pastoral wort at Penicuik, where he still resides. He resigned his ministerial charge a year and half ago. It was in 1895 that 'The Stickit Minister' was published, and immediately called attention to the new pen at work in the Mid-Lothian manse. Edition after edition has been required to supply the constant demand for this entertaining volume of sketches of Scottish life."

The costly and magnificent wedding present which was made to the Duke and Duchess of York by the Princes and native communities in India is now at the India Office, on May 13. It consists of a casket in which is

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Lecture on the Doctrine of the Trinity, Mission Hall, Girgaum, by Lieut.-Colonel Freeman, 6-30 p.m.

Aryan Social Union, lecture, People's Free Reading Room and Library, 8-30 p.m.

Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 6 p.m.

Music at the Victoria Gardens, 5-45 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Godaveri left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Dumra entered, and the steamer Sutlej left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 5th instant, the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated at offices in the Town of Bombay by schedule 41, viz., 1s. 2d. per rupee.

SELLING TODDY WITHOUT A LICENSE.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Jayker, Abkari Inspector, prosecuted one Balia Narayen Bhosby on a charge of selling a quantity of toddy without a license from the Collector of Customs. The accused, who was arrested in the usual way in the act of committing the offence, was fined Rs. 10, and the toddy found in his possession was ordered to be confiscated.

POSTAL NOTICES.—A mail for Europe, consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Australian Lloyd's s. s. Maria Valerie, will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to the Trieste Post Office, at 4 p.m. (to-day), Saturday.—Mails for Kurrachee and Sind, per extra s. s. Maria Valerie, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 4 p.m. (to-day), Saturday. Only articles specially superscribed will be forwarded.—Mails for Singapore and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Letimbro, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 4 p.m. (to-day), Saturday.

BATHING FATALITY.—Yesterday morning, the dead body of a Hindu, having no marks of violence on it, was found floating on the surface of the water in the Mombadavie Tank. The body was immediately taken out of the tank by the police, when it was identified to be that of a Marwaree hawker, named Asla Motee, aged about twenty-five years. It appears that, on Thursday afternoon, the Marwaree went to bathe in the Mombadavie Tank, when his foot slipped and he fell in unnoticed, and was drowned. At an inquest, held yesterday morning, on the body of the deceased, a verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A SHOEMAKER'S WIFE.—An inquiry was held, yesterday, by Mr. Turner, the coroner, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, on view of the body of Ruttonbai, a Hindu woman, aged twenty-five years, the wife of a shoemaker, residing at Bashbaye Street. On the morning of the 24th ultimo, deceased was going down the staircase of the Charni Road Railway overbridge, when her foot suddenly slipped, and she rolled down the stairs, sustaining injury to her spine. She was conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where she died this morning. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

KILLED BY THE LIGHTNING.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of Dhondoo Bhicoo, aged fifteen, a mill-hand, employed at the Howard and Bullough Mill at DeLisle Road, Chinchpoogly. At half-past 5 o'clock, yesterday morning, while the deceased was on his way to the mill, the chimney of a mill was struck by lightning, taking off one-half of the coping stones, and one of these stones fell on the deceased, smashing his right leg. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died a couple of hours afterwards. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

SUICIDE OF AN INVETERATE DRUNKARD.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at Lower Colaba, regarding the death of a Madrasee, named Madria Chinnajed twenty-eight years, residing at that locality. The deceased was addicted to drink, and spent all his earnings in liquor. On Wednesday night, the Madrasee returned home under the influence of liquor, when his mother scolded him for his bad habits. Deceased thereupon quarrelled with her, and left the house in a temper. He has not since been seen alive. Yesterday morning his body was found in a well in the compound of Chunda Ramji's Press at Colaba, life being extinct. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The Band o the G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers will play the following programme at the Victoria Gardens, this evening, at 5-45 :—

March	Enterpe ..... W Clark.
Overture	Zanetta ..... Auber.
Selection	The Shop Girl ..... Joan Caryll.
Valse	Acclamations ..... Waldteufel.
Selection	Cadet Songs ..... G Godfrey.
Polka	Bon Jour ..... E Andrew.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. E. S. Luard, the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Ry. Volunteer Rifle Corps will perform the following programme, this evening, at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 5 o'clock (weather permitting) :—

Connaught Lancers	D Albert
Incidental Music to Henry VIII	Sullivan
1 Grand Pageant March	
2 Song Henry's Song	
3 Graceful Dance	
Valse Espagnole	Espana ..... Waldteufel
Japanese Manikins	La Mousme ..... Ganne
Waltzer	Donau Wellen ..... Joanovici
March	Washing to Grays ..... Dolsworth

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BLESSING OF THE NEW CHURCH AT DABOOL.—To-morrow at 5 p.m., the Bishop of Damaun will bless the new church. The Bishop of Cochin will assist at the ceremony, and preside at the Pontifical vespers to follow. On Monday, at 7-30 a.m., their Lordships will enter the old church, when the most Blessed Sacrament will be borne in procession to the new church, where the Bishop of Cochin will pontificate at the High Mass, and the Bishop of Damaun preach the sermon and give the Papal blessing. After this the "Te Deum" will be sung. On Tuesday, at 7 a.m., the Bishop of Damaun will say a low mass and administer the Sacrament of Confirmation. A grand concourse of the clergy and laity is expected to be present, the church of Dabool being one of the best churches of India belonging to the sons of Goa.

PARSEE OBJECTIONS TO SMOKING.—Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, resumed the hearing of the case in which Jehangeer Ruttonji Dubash and six other Parsees stood charged with assault at the instance of Hemraj Raghavji and Anandji Raghavji. Mr. De Souza, pleader, appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. Jehangier Dorabji Neemuchwalla, solicitor, defended the first and fifth accused, and Mr. Sorabji Bejonji Vakeel appeared for the others. Complainants are two brothers, and the younger was smoking a biddee in his grocery shop at Dhobie Talao, on the 21st April last, when the accused came up to him and assaulted him, saying, "How dare you smoke in a Parsee locality?" When complainant shouted out, the elder brother came to his assistance, when a large crowd of Parsees assembled and took complainants bodily into a room, where they were then severely assaulted, and were rescued by a police sepoy and a native private. The private and a Khoja were called as witnesses for the prosecution, but said they knew nothing about the alleged assault. The magistrate discharged the whole of the accused in the absence of evidence.

BURGLARS SENT TO JAIL.—About half-past six o'clock, on Thursday morning, Chandri, a Hindu millhand, residing at Haines Road, locked the door of her room and went to work. Shortly after she had left, a Hindu of notorious character, named Abba Tookaram, broke into the room by wrenching the bolt off the door, and having picked up a box, containing gold and silver ornaments and cash, of the aggregate value of Rs. 742, was leaving the place with the box under his arm, when he was noticed by one Peopoo Bhow, a neighbour, who raised an alarm, and with the assistance of another man, named Sooja Babaji, arrested the burglar and made him over to the police with the whole of the stolen property. After his arrest Abba made a statement regarding another theft which he, in company of a man, named Kalian Haimathkan, had committed a little time ago in the house of Sagan Jetha, residing at De Lisle Road, and carried away ornaments and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 112, belonging to Sagan. The police arrested Kalian, and upon an inquiry recovered property worth Rs. 80 from one Haffiz Ibrahim Sidha, a goldsmith of Bheendy Bazaar, and a Borah, named Mahomed Tajbhoy, residing at Mutton Road, with whom the articles had been pledged by the two accused. At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Ellis charged Abba Tookaram before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with house-breaking and theft of the above mentioned property, valued at Rs. 142, belonging to the woman Chundri. Abba raised a charge against Kalian Haimathkan with theft in the second case of the property worth Rs. 102, belonging to Sagan Jetha. His Worship convicted both the accused, and sentenced No. 1 to one year's rigorous imprisonment on each of the two charges, and No. 2 to one year's imprisonment with hard labour.

CALENDAR.—JUNE 1896.

New Moon	June 11th, 1h. 34·2m. p.m.
First Quarter	" 18th, 4h. 32·0m. p.m.
Full Moon	" 25th, 1h. 46·2m. a.m.

Sat. 6.—P, and O. s. s. Peninsular with English Mails of 22nd ult., due to arrive at mean noon—Sunrise 5-23 a.m.; Sunset, 6-35 p.m.; High water 8-9m., 7-29s.; Low water 1-34m., 1-47a.

Sun. 7.—1st Sunday after Trinity—Sunrise 5-22 a.m.; Sunset 6-35 p.m.; High water 9-4m., 8-17s.; Low water 2-15m., 2-25a.

Mon. 8.—Y. M. C. A., Apollo Bunder, Prayer meeting, 5-45 p.m.—Sunrise 5-22 a.m.; Sunset 6-35 p.m.; High water 9-54m., 9-7s.; Low water 2-51m., 3-37a.

Tues. 9.—Performance by the Carey family, Novelty Theatre —Sunrise 5-22 a.m.; Sunset 6-36 p.m.; High water 10-38m., 9-55s.; Low water 3-22m., 4-25a.

Wed. 10.—Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.—Sunrise 5-22 a.m.; Sunset 6-36 p.m.; High water 11-17m., 10-40s.; Low water 4-10m., 5-8a.

Thur. 11.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.—The Bombay Association of Fire Insurance Agents, Chamber of Commerce, 4 p.m.—Sunrise 5-22 a.m.; Sunset 6-36 p.m.; High water 11-53m., 11-25s.; Low water 4-47m., 5-51a.

Fri. 12.—Departure of English Mail per s. s. Shannon—Sunrise 5-23 a.m.; Sunset 6-37 p.m.; High water 0-23a.; Low water 5-25m., 6-32a.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

THE following is a list of messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay during the week ending 4th June :—

Station from	Address in full as received.
Beira	Aspillera.
Heckmondwike	Mafatlo.
Calcutta Park Street	E K Powell, Kolhapur City ..... Mr J Albert.
Rangoon	Simpson and Co, electric contractors.
Mhow	H J Brown Co.
Mashobra	Mr Fardoonjee.
Calcutta Park Street	Mr Hormusjee P Banker. Dinshaw Dorabjee, Elphinstone Hotel.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO OR Pearl Dentifrice whitens the teeth, prevents any arrears decay, and sweetens the breath; is free from any acid or gritty ingredients, and being most beautifully perfumed, it is the most delightful tooth powder in use. Sold by Chemists and Stores. Ask for ROWLAND'S ODONTO, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid worthless and noxious imitations.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A PERMANENT cycle section—the first of its kind in the British Army—has been formed by the 1st Battalion, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, stationed at Portsmouth.

YESTERDAY evening the German Consul, Mr. M. Biermann, visited the Austrian gunboat Panther. A salute of 7 guns was fired.

THE plan of the French Minister of Finance to place a tax of 4½ per cent. on French Rentes, seems very like instituting an income tax, especially as the tax is also to be imposed on company dividends.

A FRENCH gentleman with a turn for figures has calculated that if all the tobacco smoked annually in France, were to be rolled into a cord two inches thick, it would encircle the globe thirty times.

A YOUNG European soldier has died of cholera at Titaghur, whither as one of a party he had been sent at a double to quell the Hindu-Mahomedan disturbances. The regimental water-carriers were unable to keep up with the party, who, of course, drank such water on their hot march as they could get.

RINDERPEST has been playing havoc among Japanese cattle. Recently the Kobe authorities ordered an inspection of the cattle at a village a short distance from the town. Finding five cows affected by rinderpest it was further ordered that the whole of the cattle in a certain area should be slaughtered and cremated. This meant the sacrifice of seventy healthy cows, valued at some 5,477 yen.

THE proposed water-works project for Kabul, is making steady progress. Messrs. Martin and Company, the well-known Engineers of Calcutta, who have been entrusted with the scheme, have deputed a special representative to Kabul, who is now surveying the area over which the works are to be erected, and preparing plans and specifications and estimates in connection with the work for submission to the Amir.

FROM the 23rd to the 29th ultimo, 1 European, 6 East Indians, 22 Native Christians, 25 Hindus, and 43 Mahomedans, died within the Municipal limits of Madras, making a total of 328 persons. The average for the corresponding week of the ten previous years was 304. The deaths are thus classified :—1 from small-pox, 10 from measles, 126 from fevers, 26 from dysentery, 15 from diarrhœa, and 150 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 37·6 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 34·9 per 1,000 per annum.

THE Church Missionary Society's anniversary did not pass off without some sensational narratives. Dr. Selwyn, the well-known Bishop of Melanesia, speaking of the mission in Santa Cruz, described the heroism and hairbreadth escapes of the Society's lay representative, Mr. Forrest. On one occasion, it seems, a Native fired at him from a distance of six yards, but missed. A hairsbreadth escape indeed. On the other hand, Mr. Forrest ought now to be able to go about his work much more freely, if he knows that his flock cannot shoot straight at any large object beyond five and a-half yards.

A LADY well-known in Calcutta, who went to England at the beginning of the hot season, has just been the victim of a lamentable accident. She was playing with a dog which had the reputation of being a quiet docile creature, and was stooping over it when it suddenly bit her on the face. The bite was a serious one, the cheek being lacerated and the upper lip torn through. Fortunately the dog is perfectly healthy, and it will not be necessary to call in the aid of Pasteurism. But the wound is likely to leave a permanent scar and the pain and shock must have been considerable. The moral would seem to be that we cannot be too careful in the handling of our pets, even of those of the most thoroughly established reputations.

A CORRESPONDENT writes :—"The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and Mr. Davy, the Assistant to the Excise Commissioner, in driving down the ghaut from Mullandur to Mutoody, on Friday morning, met with what might have been a very serious accident. In attempting to remove a fly from the pony the animal bore slightly too much to the off side, and the road being very narrow the wheel struck the bank and a stone that was jutting out of it. This startled the pony, which bolted, pitching the occupants out, turning the dogcart completely over at right angles to the road, minus the shafts, which were carried off by the pony down the ghaut. Luckily, beyond a few cuts, bruises and a severe shaking, no one was injured, but the dogcart was a considerable wreck. Had the accident happened a little higher up or lower down the road, where it is still narrower, with a drop of some 50 or 60ft. unprotected by any parapet, the result would in all probability have been much more serious."

"MOFUSSIL" writes as follows from Chicacole :—"It is not often that the inhabitants of this quiet Mofussil town are disturbed, but on the morning of the 27th May, a great consternation seized the people. Some unknown wild animal attacked in different parts of the town and near villages, seventeen persons, who were brought to the hospital for treatment. In every case the face and head had been badly mauled, and some additional scratches on the arms had been given. Unfortunately, Surgeon-Captain White, the Medical Officer, had been sick for some days; and when all these poor people came with such fearful wounds he had to be sent for, and looked rather weak when he appeared on the scene. But Mr. Venkatasubayah, Hospital Assistant, had been working for hours, and dressed the wounds of the men. Miss D'Silva, the Lady Apothecary, had attended to the wounded women, who had come to her. A Brahmin widow was among the number, and her face was very badly hurt; however, others were more so, and greatly prostrated by the shock. At present it is reported that all the patients are doing well."

ALL the officers who were out on Intelligence duties with Civil Officers in Burma during the past season, are busy writing up their reports, which will soon be printed and issued by the Intelligence Branch at Rangoon. We understand that much valuable information has been collected, particularly by Lieutenant Frank Macquid, who went with Captain Elliot into the War country, and also by Captain E. W. Carrick, who proceeded with the British representative on the Amherst-Siam Boundary Commission.

No further cases of cholera have been reported in Kashmir, and it is now hoped that the disease will not spread.

VETERINARY LIEUTENANTS LAUGHLIN, North-Western Provinces, and Larnder, South Punjab, will revert shortly from the Civil Veterinary Department to military employment. Veterinary Captain Joslen will probably be posted to the South Punjab.

THE will, dated May 3rd, 1859, with a codicil dated July 28th, 1870, of his Honor Thomas Hughes, Judge of County Courts, formerly of Lincoln's Inn, but late of the City of Chester, barrister-at-law, and author of "Tom Brown's Schooldays," who died on March 22nd last, at 101, Marine-parade, Brighton, was proved by Anne Frances Hughes, widow, the sole executrix, the personal estate amounting to £6,078. The testator bequeaths everything to his wife.

THE Viceroy's next cold weather tour will probably be through Rajputana, which his Excellency has not yet visited.

REPORTS from Quetta show Sir James Browne continues to make fair progress towards recovery, though the improvement in his health is very gradual.

SIMLA was visited by a thunderstorm on Tuesday evening, and rain fell for about an hour. This will serve to lessen the difficulty in connection with the local water-supply.

THE Dinapore grass farm is to be worked experimentally as an adjunct of the Allahabad Farm, the staff of the latter exercising the necessary supervision over it. This will involve no additional cost.

THE Jeypore State will, it is understood, undertake the construction of the proposed new railway from Jeypore to the Chambal. It will be on the narrow-gauge, as forming a branch of the Rajputana-Malwa system.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the proposal of the Government of India that Major C. J. W. Grant, V.C., Indian Staff Corps, should be allowed to reckon as service for pension the two years' additional service which he has already been allowed to reckon for promotion. It will be remembered that Major Grant was specially promoted to the rank of Captain two years before completion of the qualifying period, to the end that he might be given the brevet rank of Major (and the Victoria Cross) for his gallant conduct at Thobal near Manipur in 1891.

IT will be interesting to learn exactly on what allegations by the petitioner the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has been induced to grant Yusuf-ud-din special leave to appeal from the decision of the Punjab Chief Court. The Allahabad paper believes that such permission is only granted in "very special and exceptional circumstances," according to a recent ruling of this tribunal, and that even misdirection by the Judge is not such a circumstance, at any rate unless it be shown to have caused a miscarriage of justice. In all its aspects, the eventual outcome of this remarkable case will be awaited with curiosity; but our contemporary fears that at the present rate of progress the existing generation has but a poor chance of being in at the finish.

HOUSE-CONNECTIONS IN BOMBAY.

TO THE EDIT

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows: Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1: each succeeding line An. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

OPERA and FIELD GLASSES.—Possessing the Maximum of Power and Penetration. Acute definition, colour true. The distances of objects viewed through our glasses are produced 30 per cent. and consequently magnified in proportion. Price from Rs. 16—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

DINNER, BREAKFAST, DESSERT and TEA SETS, also GLASSWARE. A very nice assortment just received by JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 15, Marine Street.

TWO PAIR WAGERS a little over 16, quite sound, going in double and single. Very Cheap. Apply to PROPRIETOR, Fitzgerald Hotel, Byculla.

CHEMIST.—Qualified Assistant required at once for Mhow Station. Good Salary to competent man. Apply with full particulars to "P.T.Z." care of this Office.

AUCTION SALE of Captain Weymouth's Valuable Furniture, Piano, Victoria, Horses, etc., at Ridge, Malabar Hill, THIS DAY, at 1 P.M.

BRINSMEAD PIANOS, Collard Pianos, Hopkinson's Pianos. First-class English-built Instruments.—S. ROSE and Co., Sole Bombay Agents.

THE CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOLS (Boys' and Girls') will RE-OPEN on MONDAY, June 8.

"THE SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY'S HIGH SCHOOLS, FORT and BYCULLA BRIDGE, will be re-opened on Monday, 8th June at 10 a.m."

URO-PATHO Laboratory and Consultation Room, No. 7, Whiteaway, Laidlaw Building, Hornby Road. Specialist's Hours 5 to 7 P.M. SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS on application.

DANTRA and Co.'s well-known TEAS—Rose Orange Pekoe Rs. 1-10; Rose Pekoe Rs. 1-8; Flowery Orange Pekoe Rs. 1-4; Flowery Pekoe Rs. 1-0; Orange Pekoe Rs. 1-0; Pekoe Rs. 1; Pekoe Souchong Ans. 12; Souchong Ans. 12 and Congou Ans. 10 per lb. N. B. DANTRA and Co. 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

AMRUTINE, the best Tonic for the Body and Brain, Rs. 1-10 and Rs. 1-4 per Bottle at Principal Chemists. Ask for testimonials.—The AMRUTINE STORES, Dongri.

WANTED, an ARAB, about 14-3, young, sound and free from vice. Grey or White preferred. Apply "S2," care of this office.

POLITICAL AGENT'S UNIFORM, for SALE. Apply to "P.A." care of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., Bombay.

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RELY on the reliable, trust the trustworthy, as when petty dealers close their doors after a short time your SEWING MACHINES would be thrown in the Market without parts or appliances.—SINGER COMPANY, Est. ablished in 1858.

INDIAN ART WARES, for SALE at the ART WORKSHOPS, near the Crawford Markets, Show-room, open daily.

MATHERAN—RUGBY HOTEL will re-main open till 15th June. Good single and double rooms now available.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have stayed three days at the ALEXANDRA HOTEL. The Proprietor is most attentive and obliging, studying the comfort and wishes of his guests, and it compares most favourably with any of the better known Hotels in the Fort. I have stayed four times at—'s, but shall in the future put up here.—S2. C. NORTON.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

BEST NILGRIS TEA.—Broken Orange Pekoe, per lb. packet Re. 1-4. Orange Pekoe, Re. 1. Pekoe, Annas 12.—Pearse and Co.'s Mixture, Annas 10 per lb. —PEARSE and Co., Sirdar's Palace, Fort, Bombay.

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LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE, Re. 1-8. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

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WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Steam Press.

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CONNAUGHT HOUSE HOTEL, POONA. IS NOW OPEN. EUROPEAN PROPRIETARY and MANAGEMENT.

A Select Residence: Limited Accommodation. EVERYTHING REALLY HIGH CLASS, EUROPEAN CHEF AND STEWARDESS. ABSOLUTE CLEANLINESS. Previous Bookings necessary.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO, OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS (Opticians to the Principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India). BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H.E. the VICEROY & GOVERNOR-GENERAL of INDIA H.E. LORD WENLOCK, GOVERNOR of MADRAS. H.E. LORD ROBERTS;

ASTIGMATISM is due to the want of perfectly corresponding symmetry of curvature in the refracting parts of the eye in certain directions. Many persons after failing to obtain glasses to improve their defective vision up to the normal standard, from Goldsmiths, Chemists, or other vendors of spectacles, have resigned themselves to the conviction that further improvement is unattainable. In the majority of such cases ASTIGMATISM would probably be found on proper examination, and the addition of a positive or negative cylinder of the right power at the required angle would confer a delightful revelation. With ladies particularly, astigmatism is often the unsuspected cause of distressing disturbances of the nervous system that entirely disappear when it is corrected by suitable glasses. The necessary cylinder, either simple or compound (spherical), can be manufactured at either of our Factories in India. We are thus enabled, not only to prepare the spectacles within a reasonable time, but to give great attention to the exact adjustment upon which successful results depend

JULIUS BLUTHNER LEIPZIG. THE BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES ARE THE MOST PERFECT PIANOS IN THE WORLD.

THESE Pianos are specially built to withstand the Climate of India, the wood used being solid and the most seasoned, while a solid Iron frame extends over the wrest block. Though LOW PRICED, these HIGH-CLASS Instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation on Western Civilization. The Factory is the largest in Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Pianos every year, or one Piano in every working hour of the day. These Pianos have also a grand reputation for EXCEPTIONAL SWEETNESS and RICHNESS of tone, their perfect and never-failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as any other Piano, is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents. JULIUS BLUTHNER is the "Holder of 15 Patents" and "Distinctions." Their Aliquot Pianoforte has been patented throughout Europe and America. Pianos by the above maker are received monthly by the SOLE AGENTS and they are offered at Manufacturer's Prices "plus" freight. The Sole Agents invite Inspection of these superbly Grand, Rich and Brilliant-toned Pianofortes. SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA AND BURMAH, MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA. SUB-AGENTS: Messrs. BEVAN & Co., Calcutta.

A CARD. J. M. CAMPBELL, D.D.S., DOCTOR OF DENTAL SURGERY, LATE OF BROMLEY AND CAMPBELL, HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO 53, ESPLANADE ROAD, OPPOSITE BOMBAY CLUB.

PERFECT SPECTACLES, from Gold Medalists, THE CHEAPEST OPTICIANS. V. J. POWELL AND Co., HORNBY ROAD, FORT, (Opposite G. Post Office.)

DR. N. H. GHEESTA, American Dentist, No. 5-67, ESPLANADE ROAD. TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

BY means of the Gold Bridge system I now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the Mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Reliable and Superviceable.

KING, KING & Co., BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balances, not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year. FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to three, six, and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at Rates to be ascertained on application. BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day. REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay Passbooks, Dividends, &c., collected. CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over. Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates. LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short period granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted. GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody. REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible. Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Household Requisites executed. HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS. TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C. TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON." A. B. C. CODE USED. CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed. INDENTS executed with care and promptitude. PASSAGES booked by all Lines of Steamers. All AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken. The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take Instructions of Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

DR. U. L. DESAI, M. D., B.S., &c., SPECIALIST ON DISEASES OF THE BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEM.

TREATS LUNACY (Acute and Chronic Mania—Hypochondriasis—Melancholia—Insanity after Child Birth, &c.) SLEEPLESSNESS—HYSTERIA—EPILEPSY—VERTIGO—CHOREA—PARALYSIS, &c. CONSULTATION 2 to 5-30; 55, Apollo Street, Opposite Share Bazar, BOMBAY. Residence SAGAR PALACE, No. 3, Walkeshwar Road

WHISKY IN JARS. B. SMYTH & Co.

HAVE had great success with their Whiskies in Jars or Kegs. Consumers will find that in this form they receive the fullest value for their money, besides saving in freight.

PRICES.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
1 gal. Jar.....	12 12	and	16 12
2 „ Jar.....	24 0	and	31 8
4 „ Jar.....	48 0	and	61 0
2 „ Keg	24 0	and	31 0

JARS AND KEGS FREE. Jars allowed for on return 1 gal. As. 12; 2 gals. Re. 1-0; 4 gals. Rs. 2-0 FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

B. SMYTH & CO., 31, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI, SURGEON DENTIST, No. 2, HORNBY ROW, Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

INDIAN INDUSTRY; Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette" And a Lecture by BEAU CLERK; Price 8 Annas. CAN BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE." Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay. „ THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta. „ HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE BISN Co's ss Booldana, 2,144 tons, Captain C Hugill, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE barque Grosvenor, 576 tons, Captain G W Brebner, cleared yesterday for Mauritius, with a general cargo.

THE Asiatic S N Co's ss Nizam, 2,041 tons, Captain G Craig, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Calcutta, (8th May) via coast ports, with a general cargo and 45 deck passengers.

THE BISN Co's ss Dumra, 762 tons, Captain F C Russell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee (3rd June), with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Major Hilderbrand, Miss Johnstone, three Misses Hunt, Seth Vissandas and son and 86 deck.

THE ss Courland, 760 tons, Captain A Milne, arrived in harbour yesterday from Natal (16th May), in ballast and the following passengers:—Mr J G Castle, Miss Treman, Mr Britto, Mr Moosa Janoo, Mr and Mrs Ismail, Mr Zoobhai Mola and 88 deck. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Dada Abdoola and Co.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JUNE 5.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
B	Dido	3127	W Stevens	Hull	9-6	F Muir
C	Mohammadi	1232	Hardcastle	R S Ports	6-6	B & F S N Co
G	Setos	1153	Jacob	Zanzibar	11-6	F Hyer
H	E J K I M S	1	Cawling	Rosa	Suakin	7-6 Govt of India
K	Taif	395	Dowie	Mauritius		H C Joosub
L	Mahanadi	547		Adam		Shepherd & Co
M	Graveyour	517	Brebner	Mauritius	13-6	H S Sidick
N	Osborne	2032	Rettie	Japan	5-6	Tata & Sons
O	Den of Airlie	2275	Singer		10-6	W & A Graham
P	Alphea	986	Stewart	Glasgow	13-6	M Maritime & Co
Q	Dunbeath	1472	Swanson	Venice		M Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Ponani ..... 552 Fakeera'... Bhownugger ... 6-6 ... Shepherd & Co
Kalinadi ..... 85 Cassum ..... Do.
Saburmati ..... 524 Ahmed ..... Do.
Sabarmati ..... 503 Hasan ..... Do.
Brahmani ..... 524 Budroo ... Mangalore ... 6-6 ... Do.

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Shanon	2250	Crowe	London	12-6	P & O Co
2	Persia	3547	Osborne	Liverpool	10-6	W A G & Co
3	Port Elliot	2295	Patridge	Hull	10-6	J M A & Co
4	Letimbro		DeMaros		3-6	C Harbour
5	Dumra	794	Russell	Karachee		M & Co
6	Pekin	2133	Jephson	China	10-6	P & O S N Co
7	M Valerie	4000	Feiner	Triesta	7-6	A L S N Co
8	Java	1472	Kindal	Rangoon	16-6	M M & Co
9	Samoa	4507	Hansford	Antwerp	9-6	K Nixon
10	Rheinfels	1773		Wilkin	Karachi	E Bates & Co
12	Stanley Hall	2660	Buck	Liverpool	9-6	E Bates
14	Scindia	3580	Manaevaring	Mombassa	5-6	M & Co
15	Dwarka	791	Tice	Kurachi	6-6	M & Co
16	Kurdistan	1629	Whitlock Hamburg	12-6	Cursetji & Edulji

*Probable date of departure.

Time Ball dropsat Prince's Dock at Noon or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 44·5s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 8h. 8m. 44·30 of Greenwich meantime.

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
4	Nizam (s)	Craig	Calcutta, May 8.
5	Dumra (s)	Russell	Kurrachee, June 3.
	Courland (s)	Milne	Natal, May 16.
	Chupra (s)		Calcutta.
	Munificent (s)		Middlesbrough.

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
5	Sutlej (s)	Symons	Aden.
	Booldana (s)	Hugill	Calcutta.

The Barque Grosvenor, Brebner, for Mauritius, obtained her Port-clearance yesterday.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Kt of St George for Genoa and Marseilles.
„ Nizam, for Calcutta, &c.
„ Courland, for Natal and Delagoa Bay.
„ Pachumba, for Kurrachee, &c.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Strathness s, 2395, Durdin.
Wernerth Hall s, 2910, Candy.
Shannon s, 2380, Crewe.
Kurdistan s, 1929, Whitlock.
Den of Airlie s, 2275, Singer.
Stanley Hall s, 2660, Buck.
Persia s, 2331, Osborne.
Dido s, 3127, Watson.
Samoa s, 4507, Hansford
Phœnix s, 1732, Pasley.
Iran s, 4095, Hughes.
Port Elliot s, 2295, Partridge.
Rheinfels s, 2184, Wilkins.
Kt of St George s, 2990, Revis.
Dunbeth s, 1472, Swanson.
Maria Valerie s, 2614, Feliner.
Palmbro s, 1401, Marco.
Pekin s, 2134, Jephson.
North Sands s, 2253, Dickson.
Alphea s, 986, Etienne.
Grosvenor bq, 517, Brebner.
Setos s, 1153, Jacobs.
Arakhan s, 2236 Evans.
Baron Balhaven s, 1482, Abbott.
Beatrice s, 1442, Leslie.
Castlemoor s, 1846, Flause.
Eden Hall s, 2333, Black.
Matin s, 2133, Archer.
Ormidale s, 2305, Butler.

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

H. M. S. Lapwing, Story.
H. M. S. Assaye, Cave.
H. M. Hulk Tenasserim Goodridge.
R I M S Elphinstone, Major Arthur.
R. I. M. S. Investigator, Oldham.
R. I. M. S. Nancowry Beauchamp.
Panter (Austrian Man-of-War) Koppell.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

June.
2 Palitana ..... Rangoon.
3 Meanatchy ..... Negapatam.

DEPARTURE.

June.
1 Eridan ..... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JUNE 5.

FROM GLASGOW.

Persia—30 cases oilmenstores, etc., Abba Gunny; 210 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 25 cases whisky, Jamsetjee Brother and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Persia—3 cases soap, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 17 cases soap, Abba Gunny; 7 cases tobacco, Dinshaw Merwan; 50 cases gin, Eduljee Bezonjee; 13 bales writing paper, John Dickinson and Co; 12 cases paste glass, Sullemanjee Essajee; 50 cases slates, Abdoolally Cassumjee.

FROM HAMBURG.

Drachenfels s—18 bales casing paper, Kaderbhoy Lookmanjee; 22 bales worsted reciting cloth, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM LONDON.

Shannon s—94 cases provisions oilmanstores, etc, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 57 cases portwine, Phipson and Co; 9 packages medicines, Dividends, &c., Passed; 5 cases tobacco, 2 cases butter and 4 cases cheese, A M Sodder.

Ganges s—5 cases medicine, A M Sodder.

Mazagon s—13 cases provisions and medicine, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

Ras Rowa s—14 cases medicine, Cursondas Nathoo and Co.

FROM HULL.

Dido s—15 packages biscuits, Abba Gunny.

FROM ANTWERP.

Bangalore s—12 cases woodenwares, Gopaljee Megjee and Co; 458 cases glass, A K Moola Ebramjee; 100 cases windowglass, Iswardas Joogardas.

Stolzenfels s—19 cases pot paper, E M Abdoolally and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Poseidon s—5 cases glassbeads, Mahomedally Escofbhoy; 19 cases perfumed spirit &c, Abba Gunny.

FROM GENOA.

Po s—4 cases note paper, Nuzeerally Cumroodin.

FROM BOLOGNE.

Shannon s—40 cases champagne, K N Curranee and Co.

FROM VENICE.

Mazagon s—10 cases glassbeads, Escofaly Soolemanjee.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Dido s—137 bales paper, S A S Dawood.

FROM NEW YORK.

Persia s—14 cases tobacco, Budroodin Nuzerally.

FROM GIBRALTAR.

Shannon s—2 casks sherry wine, Phipson and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Shannon s—3 hogsheads claret, Phipson and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Stanly Hall s—43 bales wools, David, Sassoon and Co; 28 bales wool, Bhawan Hariknus; 64 bales wool, Nagjee Nanjee; 42 bales goat hairs, and 10 bales wool, H C H Hassum; 56 bales wool, Mooljee Thackersey; 80 cwts dry ginger, Curmasee Chetsey and Co; 65 bales wool, Canjee Khatow; 50 bales wool, Ewart Latham and Co; 100 bales wool, N Cassumbhy and Co; 3000 cwts bone dust, Craft Mody and Co.

Persia s—20 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 320 bales cotton waste, and 120 bales rags, Edwin Butterworth and Co; 45 bales wool, Ally Mahomed Latiff; 101 tons linseed cake, Latham and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Shannon s—68 cases condiments, Framjee Nowrojee; 120 cwt pickle, Aldridge Batmans and Co; 15 kwt condiments, M Poonjiajee and Sons.

Den of Airlie s—220 cwt dry ginger, Parmanand Govindjee; 141 cwt turmeric, Ritchie Steuart and Co; 101 cwt oilbanum, Tokersee Jamnadas; 100 cwt dry ginger, Govindjee Arjoon; 37 cwt dry chillies, Muncherjee Framjee; 102 cwt dry ginger, Thackersey Parsee.

Kurdistan s—16 bales skins, The South Indian Export Co; 265 cwt gum, N Cassumbhoy and Co; 110 cwt gum, Laljee Ludha; 142 cwt gum, Tyabjee and Co; 30 cases black tea, William M Bell; 90 cwts coir yarn, Luckmidas Nersey; 298 cwt dry ginger, Thokersee Pera; 209 cwt turmeric, Ramdas Nathoo; 105 cwt Sandalwood roots, Ritchie Steuart and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kurdistan s—249 cwt myrabollams, John Fachiris; 55 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Maria Valeria s—400 cwt myrabollams, Arjoon Khimjee.

Dunboth s—110 bales cotton, Gill and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Den of Airlie s—220 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Port Elliott s—20 cwt khuskhus roots, Eugene Meiffre.

FROM VENICE.

Dunbeth s—300 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kt of St George s—4,000 cwt castorseed, 1,700 cwt mowrasseed, and 1,000 cwt groundnuts, Nansee Khairaz and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—6 cases woollen carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Samoa s—320 cwts myrabollams, W Kipp; 720 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 6,022 cwts castorseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 100 bales hemp, R Kaderbhoy; 4,022 cwt linseed, Finlay Muir and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Phœnix s—3,000 cwt poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,000 poppyseed, and 4,022 cwt. linseed, Finlay Muir and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Letimbro s—9 cases condiments, Heerji Brothers; 12 bales twist, N B Mody and Co; 65 cwt oilbanum, Quan Lun Kaoo; 4 cases peacock feathers, 7 cwt gum 4 bales hides, and 100 cwt cloves, Mahomedally Daweobhoy.

Pekina s—50 bales twist, H A Esmail and Co; 150 bales twist, G Ebrahim and Co; 60 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 75 bales twist, M Byramjee; 75 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Pekin s—43 bales twist, Framjee sons and Co; 30 bales, twist David Sassoon and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 3.

Beethon, Lt, Bombay 5th L.I, to rejoin, from Satara.

JUNE 5.

Hay, Lt-Col, Bombay, I S C, on leave, from Poona.
Farmer, Vet Lt, Bombay, A V D, on leave, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 5.

Hudson, Surg-Capt, Bo, 2nd Gren, on sick leave, to England.
Mooney, Capt, Bo, M W D, on retirement, to England.
Farmer, Vet Lt, Bo, A V D, on leave, to England.
Montanaro, Lt-Col, Bengal, 16th I, on leave, to England.
Cantfield, Capt, Bengal, R A, on leave, to England.
Buchanan, Surg-Capt, Bengal, I M S, on furlough, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY CAPTAIN W. G. WILSON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 6th June, 1896.

1. Leave of absence has been granted to the undermentioned N. C. O. till the 15th instant—Sergt. D. Moffatt.

2. Copies of Act No. X of 1896, The Indian Volunteers Act Amendment act and copies of Rules to regulate the concessions admissible to Volunteers called out for Military service have been received and may to seen at both Head-quarters and the Club.

By Order,
L. J. ROBERTSON, 2nd Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 5.

AN advance of 1-8 per cent. brought the price of Consols in London yesterday to 113 7-16; but Exchange on India remained at 1s. 1 13-16, and Exchange on London in Paris was 25·16¼ fcs. Rupee Securities were quoted at 64 3-8, while Indian Sterling Loan was unchanged. Bar Silver was 5-16d. higher at 31 9-16d. per oz.; and in New York the quotation for the metal was 1-8 lower at 68 7-8, with Exchange on London still at 4·88¼ dollars.

Extra allotments of Council Bills were made yesterday of which some 12¼ lakhs were on Calcutta, at 1s. 2 3-32d., 1s. 2 1-8d., 1s. 2 1-16d., and 1s. 2 1-32d.; 17 lakhs on Bombay, at 1s. 2 1-16d., 1s. 2 1-32d., and 1s. 2 3-32d.; and 1 lakh on Madras, at 1s. 2 1-32d.

Yellow metal was quoted at 5; and the price of Linseed was 33¼s. per 416lbs., this and next month's shipment, to Antwerp, business done, market firmer in tone.

The weekly Returns of the Bank of England issued in London yesterday showed no change in the Bank's Reserve which continued to be 59 per cent. of the Liabilities. Short London Bills up to 3 months' sight were ¾ per cent. and 6 months' sight Indian Bank Bills were also ¾ per cent.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firmer yesterday, Surats dull, Arrivals firm. The day's sales totalled 15,000 bales; East Indians, *nil*. Spot prices were generally 1-32 to 1-16d. lower; and Arrivals were 1-32 to 3-64d. higher, extreme quotations being 3s. 57-64d. for June delivery, and 3d. for October-November. The day's Imports amounted to 1,000 bales. The Manchester market closed quieter.

In New York the price of Ready Mid.-Uplands was unchanged at 7¾ cents per lb.; September Futures advanced 8 points to 6·89 cents, and December were also 8 points higher at 6·80 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 2,000 bales.

Locally, Cotton continues in but small request, the market being quiet without any change in prices. No purchases have been reported to-day on account of the Mills; but Exporters took 800 bales, consisting of 200 bales Bengal at Rs. 150, 400 Dhollera at Rs. 178 and Rs. 167, 100 each of Dhulia and Oomrawutee at Rs. 157¼ and Rs. 167 per candy, respectively.

WHEAT AND SEEDS have been quiet but steady, with only a small business passing, and quotations as before.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	5,007 bales.
Wheat	10,090 cwts.
Linseed	6,300 „
Rapeseed	5,379 „
Poppyseed	4,126 „
Castorseed	2,568 „
Rice	5,878 „

FREIGHTS remain dull and unchanged, and no fresh business has been reported to-day.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened steady at 1s. 2 1-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 2 1-8d. for three months' sight Credits, from which rates advanced during the morning, and a fair Bazaar business was done at 1s. 2 1-16d. to 3-32d. Telegraphic; and a considerable number of Merchants' Bills were placed at 1s. 2 5-32d. Later in the day, however, rates declined somewhat, and closed quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 1-16d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 1-16d. „
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 2 3-32d. „
Credits do.	1s. 2 5-32d. „
Francs do.	1·48¾ „

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened strong and rising, 110 5-16 being quoted for Cash, which rate advanced to 110 9-16, 110 7-16 being named for the settlement.

SHARES are dull. Bombay United are Rs. 30 lower, Anglo-Indian Rs. 5, and Manockjee Petit Rs. 10; Bombay Cotton are Rs. 5 higher, Britannia Mills Rs. 50, and Central India Rs. 10. Mofussil Co., have declined Rs. 5; and Bombay and Burmah have advanced Rs. 25. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ higher, being quoted at Rs. 1,455 per share.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

JUNE 5.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect, Via Turkey. Uninterrupted, Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Irene, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Tenerife, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

Communication between Bissao and Bolamo interrupted.

Turkish route interrupted beyond Busreh.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages, received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 5th June, 1896.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	.....	..	...
Teheran	5	2	10 p.m.	..	28
Suez	5

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ROUT OF A FRENCH EXPEDITION.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

Reuter's correspondent at Brass telegraphs that the French Expedition to the Niger has been totally routed at Borgu, and many killed.

The remnant of the Expedition reached Kiama on the 12th May.

The Niger Company is sending assistance.

THE RIOT AT CAIRO.

Sixty Syrian students concerned in the late riot at Cairo have been banished.

REVOLT IN MADAGASCAR.

Advices from Madagascar state that fifteen hundred insurgents have burnt a village, where a Norwegian Mission was situated.

A body of French troops went to the assistance of the Missioners, and relieved them, killing two hundred of the insurgents.

DESPATCH OF GERMAN WARSHIPS TO NANKING.

Two German warships stationed at Shanghai have proceeded to Nanking, owing to the maltreatment of German officers, who are teaching the Chinese there their drill.

THE CAPE COLONY BUDGET.

The Cape Colony budget shows a surplus of one and a-quarter million sterling, which is unprecedented.

The Premier in his speech mainly attributed the prosperity of the Cape to its remaining part of the British Empire.

TURKISH TROOPS CUT TO PIECES IN CRETE.

ATHENS, JUNE 4.

A telegram received here from Crete states that the insurgents have cut to pieces eighty-five Turks' who were bringing material from Vamos.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JUNE 4.

The Bombay mails of the 22nd ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

SUEZ, JUNE 5.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Ballaarat, with the outward mails of the 29th ultimo, left here, at midnight, yesterday.

CHOLERA IN KASHMIR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 5.

Cholera in Kashmir is rapidly decreasing.

GILGIT SUPPLIES.

Supplies for Gilgit will be taken in hand shortly, under the superintendence of Captain Godfrey.

CHILAS NEWS.

The Pioneers have received instructions to return at once to Chilas.

THE CHITRAL GARRISON.

Colonel Davidson takes over charge of the Chitral Garrison on the 10th instant.

A DAK RUNNER KILLED.

A special dak runner was killed at Jelalabad, on the morning of the 13th ultimo.

WAZIRISTAN FORT.

Waziristan fort was completed on the 30th ult.

THE INDIAN TROOPS IN THE SOUDAN.

Colonel Egerton wires under date evening, 4th June :—"All well with troops. Heat is very excessive. The Indian Contingent to leave in autumn will be under command of a General Officer."

IRRIGATION IN THE PUNJAB.

Irrigation returns for the Punjab are favourable.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Political Department.—The services of Mr. S. Fraser, Indian Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Office. Mr. L. Buckley, Indian Civil Service, Officiates, vice Meiklejohn, as Commissioner of Coorg. Captain R. E. Jordon reverts to Military duties.

Major-General Duncan is granted the local temporary rank of Lieutenant-General.

Lieut.-Colonel Wahab, Survey Department, is granted one year's furlough. Captain Cox is confirmed as Assistant Agent, Baroda.

Lieutenant Tandy, R. E., reverts to Military duties from the Local Engineer Service.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Davidson commands the Chitral Garrison, vice Colonel Hutchinson, Captain Montague being posted as Brigade-Major.

Captain Walker is appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Army Staff.

Captain Cooper and Lieutenant Poulter are appointed to the Ordnance Department.

Lieutenant Abadell is appointed Transport Officer as Chitral.

Admissions to the Staff Corps.—Lieutenants G. Carmichael Tomkins, H. Hopwood, G. Walton, and J. Bruce Lindsay-Smith.

Major Enriquez, Staff Corps, is granted temporary rank of Colonel, and Captain Boning the temporary rank of Major.

Lieutenant-Colonel Quin, Staff Corps, retires from the service.

Military Works Department.—The following officers receive promotion :—Lieut.-Colonel Halliday ; Captains Reynolds, Salcoson, Liddel ; Lieutenants Bovet, Tillard, Mainprive, Hanaksley, Pridham, Carey, Biddulph, Johnson and Turner.

Mr. Nisbet officiates as Conservator of Forests, Tennaserim, vice Prevost.

Captain Evans Gordon, Political Agent, Jhallawar, is granted 180 days' furlough.

Rulers of the States of Bhopal, Gwalior, Dewas, Kurwar, Gonauli, Alipura, Sanitha, Orchha, Dolphur, Datia, Khaniadhana, and Indore have ceded to British Government full jurisdiction without their respective states.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

POONA, JUNE 5.

The Major-General Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointments :—

16th Bombay Infantry—Second Lieutenant King is appointed to the officiating Medical Charge, 25th Bombay Rifles.

Surgeon-Captain Burnett to be officiating Superintendent, vice Surgeon-Major Anderson, transferred to the Civil Department.

Indian Medical Service—Surgeon-Lieutenant Bakhle is transferred from General Duty, Quetta District, to General Duty, Sind District.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant :—Second Lieutenants Robb and Moore, 2nd Battalion Durham Light Infantry, and Spedding, Royal Irish Rifles.

The undermentioned officers are directed to report themselves on the 15th June, 1896, to the Controller of Military Accounts, Bombay Command, Poona, for the purpose of undergoing a course of instruction for appointment of Acting Paymaster :—Lieutenant Roberts, Royal Fusiliers ; Lieutenant Jameson, Royal Irish Rifles ; and Second Lieutenant Herbert, S. L. Regiment.

Under instructions from the War Office, Quartermaster and Honorary Captain Young, 1st Battalion Worcestershire Regiment, is directed to proceed to England on transfer to the Militia Battalion. He will travel at the public expense.

The undermentioned officer is reported to have qualified for employment in the Army Transport Branch of the Commissariat Transport Department under para. 2,781, A. R. I., Vol. 4 :—Lieutenant Harris, 2nd Battalion Yorkshire Light Infantry.

Under instructions received from the War Office, it is notified that Major Turner, No. 13 Company Eastern Division, has been posted to the 35th Field Battery Royal Artillery, and ordered to join at Deesa for Duty.

Posting of Major Weir to the 35th Field Battery, ordered in Bombay Command Order, is hereby cancelled.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from date of being struck off duty till date of sailing, the specified period to count from date of leaving India :—Captain Thomson, Wing Commander, 28th Bombay Pioneers, for nine months (Pension service fifteenth year commenced 10th May 1896).

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, in commutation of privilege leave, the leave to have effect in India from date of being struck off duty till date of sailing, the specified period to count from date of leaving India :—Captain Baker, Wing Officer, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, for six months (Pension service eleventh year commenced 30th May 1896).

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—Royal Artillery—Captain Horne, temporarily posted to the 53rd Field Battery, six months, on private affairs, out of India. Lancashire Fusiliers—Major Tallents, six months, on medical certificate, out of India.

Military Works Department—Lieutenant Knox, [illegible] affairs, out of India. [illegible] Kennedy No. 9 [illegible] session from 11th [illegible] certificate, granted [illegible], in extension of [illegible] Order, No. 176, of the

A SERIOUS POLO ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 5.

Lieutenant Haworth, 5th Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, met with a serious accident whilst playing a game of polo, this afternoon. It seems that whilst playing, his pony swerved and fell, bringing Lieutement Haworth down under him. The pony twice rolled over him. He was unfortunately unable to get one of his legs out of the stirrup. He was found insensible, and bleeding from a severe wound under the eye. He was conveyed to the Station Hospital, Wanowrie, where he now lies unconscious.

AN ENCOUNTER WITH DACOITS.

RANGOON, JUNE 5.

A gang of dacoits was overtaken, near Pegu, on Wednesday night, by Mr. Porter, Deputy Commissioner, and Mr. Jardine, Superintendent of Police, with a force of police, while the gang was attacking the village. The dacoits showed fight, but one was shot dead, and one seriously wounded, while the others escaped. The man who was killed is recognised as from Rangoon.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, JUNE 5.

The Australian Lloyd's steamer Vindobona, from Kobe, left for Bombay this afternoon.

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 4.

The Anchor Line steamer Hispania, left here for Bombay this evening.

SUEZ, JUNE 4.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Cancton, from Colombo, arrived here this afternoon.

PLYMOUTH, JUNE 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Mombassa, arrived here yesterday evening.

ADEN, JUNE 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda, left here this evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 4.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firmer. Sarats dull.

Good Dhollera	3 3-16
The Manchester Market has been quieter.	
2½ per cent. Consols	113 7-16
3 per cent. Rentes	101¾
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	120⅛
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	64 3-8
Bar Silver	31 9-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results:—Total Bullion, £47,800,000 ; increase, £200,000 ; Public Deposits, £14,400,000 ; decrease, £800,000 ; Other Deposits, £40,900,000 ; increase, £1,100,000 ; Other Securities, £28,600,000 ; increase, £100,000 ; Notes and Gold, £38,300,000 ; increase, £200,000. The Bank's Reserve is 59 per cent. of the Liabilities.

THE MONSOON.

HEAVY rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning, again fell in Bombay in the small hours of yesterday morning, and continued until after sunrise. The rain came from the south-west, and every indication now points to the arrival of the real monsoon.

The following telegram was received yesterday, by the Port Officer, Bombay, from the Meteorological Reporter, Simla :—"Storm signal, weather in Arabian Sea disturbed, and probably squally with strong cyclonic winds, some distance off West Coast. Hoist cautionary signal flag." Accordingly the cautionary signal flag was hoisted on the Castle flagstaff yesterday afternoon.—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Dumra, Commander E. C. Russell, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee, experienced strong to moderate S. W. winds, with rough to moderate sea and S. W. swell, up to thirty miles off Bombay, thence smooth sea, light N. N. E. airs, with cloudy weather and lightning to S. E.

THE COST OF THE SUAKIN EXPEDITION.

THE following letter from the Government of India, Military Department, dated Simla, the 2nd June, to the President, Bombay Presidency Association, has been sent to us for publication :—

Sir,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram, dated 15th May 1896, and to inform you that the representations made in regard to the cost of the Indian troops despatched to Suakin being borne by Indian revenues will receive due consideration from the Government of India.—I am, &c.,

J. A. MILEY,
Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

THE INDIAN TROOPS FOR SUAKIN.

The R. I. M. Steamer Canning, under the Command of Lieut. Commander G. A. Rose, will sail, to-morrow, for Suakin, via Aden, with the General Hospital and a few details for Aden. She will carry 5 officers, 14 non-commissioned officers and men, 71 followers, 5 horses and 17 ponies, 11 non-commissioned officers, and men of the Mountain Battery, 1 officer, 2 warrant officers, and 5 followers of the Commissariat Department, 1 non-commissioned officer of the 13th B. I. and 2 R. A. for Aden. The following are the names of officers :—Surg.-Maj. or Lt.-Col. R. Kaye, Surg.-Capt. H. A. Smith, Surg.-Capt. C. Milne, Surg.-Capt. R. H. Maddox, Surg.-Lt. J. Davidson, and Capt. F. C. Rynd.

WEDDING AT MAZAGON CASTLE.

A FASHIONABLE marriage took place at Mazagon Castle on Thursday last, the bride being Miss Hirabai Dinshaw Parakh, the only daughter of Bai Dhunbaee jee, eldest sister of Sir Jamesjii Jijeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., and the bridegroom, Mr. Rustam Sorabji Powvalas, the bride is one of the most beautiful girls in the Parsi community, as she comes from Sir Jamsetjee's family, which is noted for the graceful figure and handsome form of its female members. She has received a liberal education in English and music, and plays on the violin and the piano with considerable skill. The bridegroom belongs to the ancient and well-known family of Powvalas, who in days gone by rendered eminent services to the British Government by way of supplying provisions, &c. The young man was educated in Bombay, and proceeded about five years ago to England to complete his education and to study for the Bar. Before he had completed his studies he was called back to Bombay owing to his mother having been seriously ill. It is his intention to return to England next year to finish his course at the Inn. About three months ago he was engaged to the young lady, and the wedding took place on Thursday, at Mazagon Castle, the residence of Sir Jamsetji. The bungalow was tastefully embellished, both internally and externally, and lit up with various descriptions of coloured lights. The guests, invited by Sir Jamsetjee, began to arrive about half-past four o'clock and were received by him at the steps of the main building, and accommodated in the hall, while the ladies occupied the rooms further on. The dress of the Parsee ladies is proverbial for its richness in silk and satin, and the rooms looked resplendent with their bright hues. The Band of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry was in attendance, and played numerous tunes during the evening. The religious part of the marriage ceremony was performed by Shums-ut-Ulma Dastur Peshotan Behramjee Sanjana, and Ervad Nusserwanjee Cowasjee Dhapur. After the conclusion of the service and the pronouncement of blessings, valuable presents were exchanged between the bride and bridegroom and their immediate relations. The wedding presents exhibited were numerous as they were rich and rare. The whole assembly then retired to dinner, which, according to time-honoured custom, did not contain any dish of meat, but consisted of vegetables, eggs, fish, sweets, &c. The health of her Imperial Majesty the Queen-Empress and the Royal Family was proposed by Sir Jamsetjee, and was received with right loyal enthusiasm. Then followed the toast of the married couple, and that of the members of the leading families present, concluding with that of Sir Jamsetjee. About midnight the same ceremonies were repeated, thus confirming the holy tie that was made in the evening. The bridegroom received his party in the spacious and commodious bungalow of Mr. Byramji Jeejeebhoy, which was also adorned in a manner similar to that at the Mazagon Castle. Notes of invitation were issued in the name of Mr. Dorabjee Patonjee Powvala, the uncle of the bridegroom, which were heartily responded to, and the gathering was large and respectable. Here the Band of the Royal Irish Rifles was in attendance, and enlivened the evening with selections of music. The bridegroom and his guests, both gentlemen and ladies, formed a procession and went over to Mazagon Castle, where the nuptials were celebrated as described above. They then returned to Byramjee Hall, where a dinner was served to them. Soon after midnight they again went to the Castle, where also ceremony was repeated. The guests of both parties then escorted the couple to Mr. Byramjee's bungalow, where light refreshments were served, and the whole assembly broke up about 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

MR. WILLIAM KNIGHT, the author of the Standard Life of Wordsworth and of the definitive edition of his works, published by Mr. Paterson ten or twelve years ago, has prepared for the press a new edition of the poet, which, while it is easier to handle, is no less scholarly in treatment than its predecessor. "The Poetical Works of William Wordsworth," of which two volumes of what is technically called the post-octavo size have already appeared (Macmillan and Co.), will constitute when completed a work that is a perfect model of editing. The poems are given in the chronological order of their composition (not, it should be observed, of their publication which is often a very different matter), early editions have been carefully collated, and the changes of text notified in footnotes. Much valuable evidence of the author's whims or caprices, or changes of opinion or ideas, has been gathered from a copy of the poems with his own annotations which belonged to the late Lord Chief Justice Coleridge. Students will here find a thoroughly reliable text arranged on a plan far more helpful to them than the fanciful one adopted by Wordsworth himself of classification of the poems into "Poems of the Imagination," "Poems of the Fancy," "Poems proceeding from Sentiment and Reflection," and so forth—a classification that was no real classification at all;

NOTES FROM LONDON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 15.

THE Indian Exhibition at Earl's Court re-opened on Saturday into blossom, in weather that was appropriately exotic, according to our temperate notions, and probably only just bearable to the not thickly-clad Indian and Cingalese whom Imre Kiralfy has brought over—to be devoured by our eyes. Really the phrase only expresses the attitude of the crowds that stand outside the little stalls where weaving and carving and corn-grinding and mysterious operations with glass in little clay furnaces are carried on, and where the interest of the on-lookers centres quite as much in the foreign coiffure and sun-dried brown legs of the workers as in their dexterity. One wonders if they know beforehand that they are hired to be gazed at by hundreds of pairs of eyes in countless heads, craning over rows upon rows of shoulders, and whether they turn restive thus caged, like wild animals, in order to make a London holiday. At present they have a pretty smile ready for every one, and specially for the Indian visitors who can make music for them on the London air by the sound of their own Hindustani or Cingalese tongue. It makes one feel unpleasantly limited, this chatter in an unknown language, for after one's teens, the consciousness of the small amount one's brains at the best will hold, induces one to readily sacrifice all learned aspirations to laziness, and life becomes a building up of many shelves for unfulfilled achievements. One's self-respect is, however, somewhat restored by finding oneself a little superior to the attractions of the imitation jungle, a roofed-in space with a special turnpike, stuffed wild beasts, and a machine that imitates their roar with monotonous regularity. Are even children amused by that invention ? or are they not, though very willing to acquiesce in their own "make-believes," rather disdainful of those of other people ? However, there is music to exorcise the evil spirits called up by that absurd challenge to one's imagination outside in the pretty gardens, which have wonderfully developed since they were first rescued from the forlornness of waste building ground ; there are plenty of shady seats and alfresco dining tables, and gravelled paths where dainty muslin and lace-clad English girls rub elbows, to speak figuratively, with great heavy elephants looking in their leather coats rather as if they had stepped into second-hand garments, a couple of sizes too big, and very much crumpled in travelling. There are, too, contented camels making the best of the Northern sun, and charming little Oriental cattle that poke their small thick noses into one's very hand. Or, if one wills, one may go and buy in the main building tons of pounded brass, silver, and sandalwood, or by preference occasional really fine specimens of wrought-copper dragons, more or less spiky and terrific, as dragons ought to be.

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Either Birmingham has much to do with the other metal ware, or Native Indian art has got very much spoiled by the English demand. One is sorry to be obliged to think the latter, and that one must choose between bad workmanship put into good materials, or else patient labour wasted on bad. The other day, a lady seated herself in a shop on an evidently foreign stool, when, crash, it gave way, like card board, beneath her not too many pounds avoirdupois. The shopman accepted the disaster with a philosophy, probably born of use, and spoke of glue—the last resource of the right-minded carpenter.

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It is a cruel wrong to the possessors of lean necks that fashion should have banished ornaments for evening wear around the throat ; all the more so, as apparently the scraggy neck goes not with the strong mind that can over-ride the decree. Perhaps it is the profusion of decoration elsewhere that makes a note of simplicity essential in some spot, for, indeed, dress was never more elaborate in colour and material and cut. We cannot now say, as we have said in past years, that at least our skirts are sensible, for their simplicity seems to be giving way before an army of flounces, large and small, from top to bottom hand. They mainly allow a comfortable freedom of movement that would have satisfied even Nini-patte-en-l'air, but they are, if only we could see them in the mirror of the future, extravagantly outré in style. A quotation from a contemporary gets coupled with one's memory of a recent reception in Grosvenor Place. "It is the Parisian dress-maker who avenges Waterloo by causing our womenfolk to wear their failures." How is one to divide the kaleidoscope of costumes into its original parts sufficiently to describe them ?

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A sacque dress of velvet and satin damask, green with great crimson flowers, cherry velvet bishop's sleeves, drawn up by self-coloured bands, and crowned by epaulettes or revers and huge turned back collar, was quenched as completely as assertive magenta can be by the neighbourhood of a bodice that radiated poppy-coloured chiffon as far as so light a material could carry. Then a lady, to whom nature was already bountiful in the supply of material, had her generous lines added to by having a reef of her amazingly full buff-coloured silk skirt caught up and swathed round her again, if such an expression is consistent with the idea of a pyramidal base, and a young girl, with a pretty little head and delicate flower-like neck, had allowed her dress-maker to disguise her youthful slimness under rows of gauze flounces that grew all the way up her wide white satin skirt like luxuriant moss. Another lady had white tufts that looked like rabbits' tails dotted at intervals all over her black gauze dress. But one's impressions lose themselves in a cloud of chiffon—there is chiffon everywhere, one thinks, until a vision comes of white lace wired wings standing up from the shoulders, lace drooping half-yard long from the elbows, and lace tumbling off the shoulders ; then presently the lace in one's mind's eye is ousted in turn by a rain of sequins and spangles and shining fringe that blinds one to everything else.

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This reception, where feminine French fingers avenged lost French battles, painlessly, as far as their victims are concerned, was not that given by Lady Campbell Bannerman on Wednesday to the delegates of the Women's Liberal Association, and at which there was a good deal of sombre black to match faces that bore no stamp of life made easy, but where all the time quite enough pretty dresses disproved the old theory that women would sink their personal attractiveness in the race for personal distinction. One charming tea gown of shell pink silk had two daring ivory lace wings sprouting from the shoulders ; over the front fell white spangled gauze from a clasped band of dull blue across the low-cut bodice to the hems, and at the back, also cut square rose a Medici-shaped collar, as companion to the shoulder wings. Sleeves, as a rule, had their fulness caught up on the shoulder, and thus divided into two puffs, between which the real sleeve was seen, tight but not plain, being usually gathered in long lines divided by insertion and spreading out at the wrist into a convolvulus-shaped hollow for the hand, softened by falling lace. Very few dresses were without trains, a delightful invention for winter, when one likes to tuck one's skirt around one as a kind of portiere, but unnecessary incumbrance in a crush.

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The very evident departure of the large sleeves is to be regretted, as they not only give a proportional delicacy to the head, but also to the waist, and do away with a good deal of temptation to tight lacing. Now, however, people will return to their uncomfortable old fashion, spoil their health, and redden their noses with the same old zest. Did the lady to whom nearly three centuries ago Ravenscroft wrote his song, "A Lover to his Mistress," owe "her cherry nose" to the tightness of her corset ? Her memory was revived the other day by Dr. Beidge at the Gresham lectures, but though the original song with viol accompaniment, has been often re-arranged and harmonized, her fame is shadowed by that of the renowned "Three Blind Mice," of which Ravenscroft was the composer. He seems to have been a gay musician, and to have divided his pieces into hunting, hawking, drinking, and "enamouring," the drinking songs being entirely too riotous to be produced for a Gresham audience.

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Apropos of dissipation, two little prisoners were charged the other day, before Mr. Plowden, with the awful crime of "having been found wandering," one being five years old, and the other two ! The constable had evidently his theories about childish precocity, and thought he best nipped vice in the bud by "running in" these two infants. Mr. Plowden naturally said that the nursery, not the police court, was the place for them, and it is to be hoped that the workhouse guardians will find one for these deserted little ones under the kindly boarding out system. A night in the lock-up is not calculated, according to those who have tried it, to improve anyone, either morally or physically.

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Miss Clo. Graves and Miss Gertrude Kingston in their comedy of "The Matchmaker" have raised up against them all the inimical new woman criticism that one hoped was gone to sleep. A masculine writer tells us that if women are going to compete seriously with men in the play-writing field, we may look for sport. The Lowther Arcade ingenue, the Christmas card angel, and the idealized women generally will give place to woman, from a woman's point of view—which will be a change for the (æsthetically) truer, but not, I suspect, for the (ethically) better. The barrier of sex, as we all know, makes women, the sincerest of women, more or less hypocrites in their dealings with men. But among one another, women, I guess (this sort of thing must be guess work in a man), throw off the mask, so to speak, and reveal themselves for the queer, instinctive, not very magnanimous, rather cute than sagacious, animals that they are. And so women dramatists may be trusted to paint their sex as they see them—in undress with their back hair down, or off (figuratively speaking, of course, my dear Mrs. Grundy), and not as we "purblind race of miserable men imagine them."

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We wonder if the writer has learned his new found knowledge of women from the play, or whether the "hypocrites" have ever really deceived or hoped to deceive him, and how far in that case they can be called hypocrites. The question also arises as to which is the real, the man's woman or the woman's ? Are not our different aspects only the reappearances of various ancestors, that get more play in women, who are less tied up in the strait waistcoat of conventional education and business habits than men. There is plenty more said about "jokes that do not err on the side of chilling austerity," and the word "demi-vierge" is almost given as an aspect of one of the characters. "Well, well," the writer runs, "there is no great harm done. But if this sort of thing goes on, I hope the ladies will give up chiding our sex for telling what are called (quite falsely, by the way) 'smoking room stories.'" We really think that men are delighted to find some vices in those that have occupied a pedestal so long—no matter who placed them on it,—and have a racy "I told you so" sort of pleasure in pulling them down. There is a hint of reprisals in the allusion to smoking room stories. We cannot blame them for it, believing there was a certain distinct measure of knowledge of human nature in Ouida when she made one of the husbands of her romances say, "You are virtuous, my dear, you are always virtuous, and that is what makes you so damnably odious." The hypocrite ancestress is at rest for the moment as we write the word that is usually in Coventry.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

THE Eleventh annual report, (Season 1895-96) of the above Corps was issued yesterday. It is shown that following the practice of previous years, drills were arranged at the Town Hall for sword and carbine exercises throughout the monsoon season, whilst as much musketry practice as possible was carried on at the Colaba Ranges. As soon as the rains ceased, daily drills at the school commenced, followed by a weekly parade. On the 8th of November, the squadron took part in a parade of all the troops in garrison, before H. E. the Commander-in-Chief in India, and on the 16th of December, furnished an escort for H. E. the Governor, from the Apollo Bunder to Chowpattee, on the occasion of his return to Bombay for the season. On the 22nd January, commenced a series of drills as instructive as they were popular with the Body Guard under Captain Granthan, and, at the termination of these, the squadron went into camp on the 24th February, for ten days at Parli Hill, the land having been kindly lent by Mr. E. R. Smetham. The attendance at the camp was good, some 44 members out of a total strength of 57 having taken part, and, as all requisite troop drill had been done in Bombay, it was decided to work the squadron throughout the camp under purely service conditions. Manœuvres, patrolling, reconnaissance practice in reconnoitring, formation of advanced and rear guards, dismounted work formed the daily programme, and ten days of this, much of the time with Captain Grantham present, to direct and point out defects, soon imparted a degree of steadiness and efficiency to the squadron which had never been obtained before. On the last day, General Gatacre, who had slept the previous night in camp, was present to watch the manœuvres, and the Officer Commanding the B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteers, having kindly arranged to bring out two companies under Captains Stewart and Richardson, these detrained at Andheri, and their special mission being to march on Bandora, the Light Horse working from Santa Cruz, were furnished with an excellent opportunity of showing in their scouting and reconnoitring the extent to which they had benefitted by the previous week's training in camp. At the close of the morning's work, General Gatacre, in addressing the squadron, expressed himself, pleased with the knowledge displayed by all ranks in their practical field work which he had witnessed, and pointed out the direction in which Volunteer Cavalry should endeavour to obtain efficiency. An "At Home" in the neighbourhood of Parli Hill, the same evening, at which many of the members' friends attended, and a march on to Bombay early next morning, concluded what was considered to have been a very successful camp. Saturday, the 29th of February, being a Bank holiday, the opportunity was taken of arranging a Field-day with the Volunteer Rifles and Artillery in the neighbourhood of Mahim and Parel, and being in camp, the squadron marched over from Parli, over 40 members taking part. The annual inspection took place in Bombay on the 25th March, before General Gatacre, but this was chiefly restricted to parade movements, in consequence of the more important work having already been seen at the camp. All officers were called upon in turn to drill the squadron, and, at the conclusion, General Gatacre closely criticised the work done and emphasised the importance of all Volunteer Corps striving to become each year more efficient than the last. He also stated that manœuvres on a large scale between Bombay and Poona, were contemplated next season, and he hoped it would be possible to arrange for the Bombay Light Horse to take part in the same.

VOLUNTEER EQUIPMENT IN INDIA.

THE rules regarding the concessions to Indian Volunteer Corps called out for military service are on the lines laid down in the Act passed during the Calcutta Session, and they do not, therefore, call for much discussion. The provision made for the grant by Government of Rs. 32 to each officer and man who resembles any Indian corps, is good news for it is quite certain that many necessaries would be required by the Volunteers before they could take their place in the field. In how many battalions, for instance, have the men overcoats, havresacks, and water bottles ? All these would be wanted, though the overcoats might be dispensed with if the call to arms was in the hot weather. Again during many months in the year a waterproof sheet would be a necessity, for exposure to cold and wet would have to be endured. Many a Volunteer, even in the lower ranks of life, would require to be fitted out also with ammunition boots, for it is not every man that is well shod. Thirty-two rupees per head would be none too much for an article of kit of service, though it is not intended that the Volunteers shall be employed at any great distance from their homes. As matters now stand they are well armed, can shoot well, and are fairly trained in the simpler forms of drill, though sufficient attention is not paid to outpost duty and the holding of defensible posts, bridge-heads, railway-stations, &c. There are between 20,000 and 30,000 Volunteers scattered throughout India and Burma, and their strength, in the true sense of the word, is of the term. In an emergency the assistance they could give locally to the regular troops would be of the highest value, while in districts far remote from cantonments their presence would be of the first importance in strengthening the hands of the civil authorities with only the police at their backs. It is open to argument whether the Government should not, even now, equip the Volunteers in such a manner that but few necessaries would be required when the order for service was issued. A beginning might be made with the railway corps, which contain excellent material and are in a high state of discipline as they are leavened with soldiers. The Volunteer engineers or railway corps in the country, and their internal organisation is just of the kind which would make this equipment business extremely simple. Again, each battalion of any strength could have at least one machine-gun attached to it. The Port Defence Corps of Bombay and the Rangoon Corps have provided themselves with these guns, and their effectiveness has thereby been greatly increased. There are many large cities in India where in times of crisis mob demonstrations might have to be put down, and a Maxim would have a most wholesome effect on street-fighting. One cannot forget what happened in Bombay not so long ago, when troops had to be despatched in hot haste from Poona to quell very serious disturbances. How much more urgent would be the case if the troops were off to the frontier and a foreign enemy was knocking at the gates ! The Government have again and again expressed their high appreciation of the Volunteer movement, and they are bound to encourage it in every way. If the men are properly equipped and their practical training is closely looked after, their efficiency will be far greater than is at present the case. We have made only a few suggestions bearing on the subject, but the correspondence recently published in our columns shows that there are many improvements in organisation and training that are urgently needed. Apparently another scare similar to that of 1885 will have to take place before any great reforms are carried out.—"Pioneer."

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.	Esp'lade.	Fort.	Colaba.
	In. Cts.	In. Cts.	In. Cts.	In. Cts.
Previously registered	3 43	3 7	3 15	2 20
Friday, June 5th	3 38	1 60	2 34	2 22
Total	6 81	4 67	5 49	4 42

Rainfall at Byculla registered from 8 p. m. to 6 p. m. ; at the Esplanade and Fort from 8 a. m. to 8 a. m. ; and at Colaba from 6 a. m. to 6 a. m.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. S. MARIA VALERIE.

THE following is the list of passengers, proceeding to-morrow, at 6 a.m., per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Maria Valerie, Captain A. Fellner :—

FOR TRIESTE.

Lieut H M Barnes	Mr and Mrs Geo Miller
Mr H Garstenger	Mr J Mirchimann
Mr and Mrs Gerdes	Mr F G Parrott
Capt H S Horne	Col E Stace, C B
Mr Lindstrom	Lieut R H West
Mr V G Lynn	Mr F Wieser

FOR SUEZ.

Mr Anastasiadis — Mr Lagothetides.

FOR ADEN.—Mr. and Mrs. De Souza.

MR. GEORGE ALLEN'S new and cheaper edition of Mr. Ruskin's "Fors Clavigera" is uniform with the other cheap editions of the works of the author of "Modern Painters." In reducing the work from eight large volumes to four handy ones, it has been found necessary to curtail the text to a considerable extent, but none of Mr. Ruskin's writing has been omitted. It is in fact, an edition for those who are content to have Mr. Ruskin's own letters without those of his correspondents. All the original illustrations are reproduced, and a new index will be added to each volume.—In their new and uniform edition of Mr. Thomas Hardy's works, which Messrs. Osgood, McIlvaine and Co. are publishing under the general title of "The Wessex Novels," is now included "Desperate Remedies." Originally produced nineteen years ago, this was the author's earliest attempt at fiction. Nineteen years ago, as he says, he was "feeling his way to a method," and in his more mature judgment the principles observed in the composition of this story are two exclusively those in which "mystery, entanglement, surprise, and moral obliquity" are depended on for exciting interest. These are principles, however, to which novel readers do not, as a rule, object, and in any case, the novel is well-worthy of preservation, both for its intrinsic value and the light it throws upon the development of a remarkable writer. A frontispiece by Mr. Macbeth Eaeburn, represents the "Knapwater House" of the story.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, MAY 15.

HAVE I ever told the story of a certain West Indian ghost ? I do not know him personally, but when I visit his island I shall let him know that I expect to meet him. This is the story. In the year 1824, or thereabouts, a military waggon containing the regimental pay chest—that is, a large amount of money in boxes—was driven across the island in charge of a lieutenant and a squad of soldiers. They were marching in loose order, and not paying much attention to their charge. Presently one of the chests fell out of the waggon. The loss was not observed by the soldiers, and the waggon passed on. There was sitting, however, by the roadside a certain negro, a freedman, who saw what had happened. He was equal to the occasion, and waited, saying nothing. When the waggon was over the hill, he carried the chest into the cane field, where he hid it, and went home, and abided in patience till he could find an opportunity of secretly carrying the contents—many hundred pounds—to his own cabin, where he buried them. Meantime the loss was discovered, and the lieutenant was placed under arrest for negligence. He was so much horrified at the consequences of his own neglect that he committed suicide. Meantime the negro waited. Emancipation time arrived, which permitted him to buy and own real property ; he bought a farm, stocked it ; advanced little by little, so that no one suspected him ; and finally died a rich man about the year 1855. His heirs, who knew nothing of their father's thievery, have not prospered ; the estate has gone to ruin—that is, to vegetation ; to crown all, the place is haunted ; and I cannot make up my mind whether that ghost is the unfortunate lieutenant or the rich, and therefore respected, tenant.

We have had enough of the water finder, or dowser ; it is proved, at any rate, that he exists all about the country, and there are hundreds of people ready to declare that they have seen him find water. Very well, then. Here is another functionary about whom I should like to learn something —especially whether he still exists. He is the ghost layer. Certain persons used to have—perhaps still have—the power of laying ghosts, just as certain persons can find water, see things in crystal, converse with spirits. It is a branch of the great supernatural profession of which we are hearing so much in these days. The last practitioner of whom I have read was the Rev. Thomas Flavel, who flourished in Cornwall towards the end of the seventeenth century. He was a most eminent practitioner ; not a ghost could stand up against him. I picture him as a very serious person, talking much about the other world, and treating ghosts as invaders. He carried a stick of ebony with a silver head, on which was engraved the pentacle ; on a broad silver ring below there were engraved planetary signs and mystic figures. Why the ghosts should fly at the sight of these apparently harmless things is not apparent. He used, however, to beat the ghosts, who perhaps cared more for the thwacks than for the planetary signs. He resided, I believe, at Pennycomequick, which they now call Falmouth.

I have been reading a mediæval story. Since I cannot honestly say that I like it, I will refrain from naming it. The time was fifteenth century ; the language was of the eighteenth century, with frequent lapses into present day English. The ideas were all of the nineteenth century. Now observe the difficulty of the historical novelist. He ought to present the language, the dress, the ideas, and the motives of the time ; but if he does no one will understand him. If, however, he lays the scene abroad, as Charles Reade did in the "Cloister and the Hearth," he may use language a little antiquated, but not much. Still, he must give us the ideas of the time, and these, I say, the world will not understand. For instance, let us consider briefly the mediæval male as he really was. First of all, he was a highly decorative person ; his dress was splendid beyond our understanding ; his manners were proud beyond anything we can believe—no one in the whole world could now be so proud, for instance, as Henry the Third or Richard the Second. His ostentation would make the modern shrink into his shoes for shame. Cardinal Wolsey's state, as related by his biographer, we should regard as the worst form possible. The mediæval noble thought that nothing would ever change ; there would be wars till the end of the world, with famines, plagues, and fires to vex and kill the common people ; kings would be always grabbing at more power ; the rich would grow richer and richer ; no one would ever invent anything ; the conditions of the people would never improve ; Heaven was made for those who could afford to buy a seat, a harp, and a crown ; there was no need to save money because the rents came in every year. Let all be spent on the biggest following, the widest hopitality, the most lavish charity, the most splendid gold and silver plate, the finest dresses and the richest jewels, that the income would allow. Put such a man as that into a novel ; call him Cardinal or Earl ; give him an ungoverned temper ; make him gross in his food ; sprinkle his language with oaths which to us are frightful blasphemies ; let his castle be a barrack ; let his treatment of tenants be brutal ; let him be ignorant of letters, but crafty in the acquisition of new lands ; let him be religious

THE NATIVE PRESS.

LONG LIFE TO THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.

The "Indian Spectator" in referring to the celebration of the birthday of Her Majesty the Queen-Empress, prays for long life and prosperity to her in the following graceful terms:—Each year and each Birthday celebration, makes it Her Majesty Queen-Empress Victoria, dearer and dearer to the numberless races, scattered over all parts of the globe, that delight to own allegiance to her. Few Sovereigns have been so honoured and esteemed as Her Majesty, inside and outside her dominions. Even in Republican France; the Queen of "the perfidious Albion" is always received with unique love and esteem. The secret of her great hold on prince and peasants, is her purity of character, wide sympathy and extreme goodness of heart. England owes much to her. It is her example, that has advanced by leaps and bounds, the cause of social purity in the Empire, and has raised to the dignity of a valued constitutional maxim the principle that insists in public life,—in the private life of the public men of the day, a due regard to social purity and decency. To Her Majesty Queen Victoria's sagacity and noble firmness is due the development of the British constitution and the completion of the work begun in 1688 by the establishment on a firm logical basis of the system of Cabinet Government, representing the dominant party in the House of Commons. By the constitution, Her Majesty has small powers indeed; but her immense social influence has made her a political power, as few of her successors were. Her influence is felt not only in the Council Chamber of her own country, but also in all the Cabinets of Europe; for it is well-known that the preservation of the peace of Europe, in spite of its being armed to the teeth during the last twenty-five years, is in so small measure due to the good offices of the esteemed Queen of England. Who will not be proud of such a Sovereign as that, and who will not heartily wish her long life and prosperity? God save her from any more trying bereavements."

NEW MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION.

Some of the native papers do not approve of the choice of Government of two new members on the Corporation to succeed Mr. T. W. Caffe and Mr. W. C. Hughes. The "Kaiser-i-hind" remarks: Many of the business men are not inclined to devote a portion of their time to what might be considered the performance of their civic duties, because several of the Corporators have of late taken to wasting the public time by protracted debates on subjects which have been discussed thread-bare some dozens of times on previous occasions, and which can be disposed of after short consideration. There have been besides party feeling and race animosities, which do not, and cannot attract the best men to the Corporation. Were it not for Mr. Mehta and half-a-dozen other native members of the Corporation and a sprinkling of Europeans, nobody would consider it an honour or in any way worth his while to belong to that body. The presence of the Corporation is preserved only by a few members, and the withdrawal of such members would surely reduce it to the position of a second or third rate municipality like that of the Deccan or Gujerat, where members occasionally freely indulge in the language of the bear-garden and are ever ready to fly at each other's throats on the slightest difference of opinion arising between them. Since writingthe above we learn that, Mr. Grattan Geary, of the "Bombay Gazette" was one of those who were asked by Government to serve on the Corporation, but he has thankfully declined that honour.

THE HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

The "Native Opinion" takes a very doleful view regarding the management of sanitary affairs in Bombay, and would fain hang somebody for it. Says our contemporary: If there is anything to which the public should at once excusively direct its attention, it is the state of health of this city. It is nothing less than an unmitigated scandal—a scandal of which every body concerned should be sincerely ashamed. The city is fast achieving notoriety for high mortality, and this is due not to one cause alone, but to many. And what is most astounding is that these causes are not beyond the control of our custodians of health. That this should be the state of things in a city which is never slow to boast of being the first in the Indian Empire, in season and out of season, is another astonishing feature. Who ever expected that we would come to such a deplorable pass after the money we have spent recklessly like water upon high-sounding schemes for the betterment of the condition of the city? We have fever striking down high and low by hundreds every month. We have small-pox mocking the efforts of the vaccinating officers to conquer it. We have cholera now and then claiming its victims, thereby shewing that it is not yet banished for ever. And who is responsible for all these pests? No other than our own Municipality, with its annual income of nearly three-quarters of a crore, with a Corporation of 72 members, a Standing Committee of 12, and a very numerous executive drawing exorbitant salaries. Surely a clean sweep must at once be made of the present "personnel" for gross mismanagement—any culpable neglect and errors of commission and omission, for which the citizens are paying very dearly, not only with their money, but even with their lives.

THE INDIAN PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE.

The praiseworthy efforts of the Indian Parliamentary Committee in enlightening public opinion in England upon the affairs of this country, are gratefully acknowledged by the "Indian Spectator," which says: "Though late in the day, our hearty thanks are due to the Indian Parliamentary Committee, now including a solid phalanx of 125 members, for its efforts to bring before the House of Commons "the strong objections taken by Indian public opinion to the recent re-arrangement of the Indian cotton duties." It has been settled that the matter shall be given due consideration during the discussion on the Indian budget, which Lort George Hamilton promises shall be this year presented early in the session. Meanwhile a vigorous memorial has been presented to the Secretary of State and circulated with the reply to it amongst members of Parliament. All the arguments which are now familiar to us, have been urged therein and the official reply can scarcely claim to meet them. It would be an obvious advantage to have the entire case for India laid before the House and the selfishness of Lancashire completely exposed. We wonder if it is not possible to enlist on our side the representatives of other British industries than the cotton one of Lancashire, on the ground of the inequitably favourable treatment accorded to the latter under the Indian Import Tariff. The Indian Parliamentary Committee would be taking a wise step if it seriously attempts to secure their co-operation."

THE SACRIFICE OF THE COW AGAIN.

At a time when all are engaged in admiring the friendly spirit with which the Hindus and Mahomedans of Prabhas-Patan have come to a settlement of their quarrels, it is said to hear that the cow is still causing mischief in Bengal. The "Indian Spectator" remarks: In the early part of the week, the Id-el-Zoha and some of the Mahomedans in the neighbourhood of Calcutta took into their heads, not only to sacrifice a cow, but also to sacrifice it publicly near the houses of their Hindu neighbours. A disturbance did occur, as usual under such circumstances, but fortunately the authorities, police and military, were equal to the occasion and gave the Hindus as well as the Mahomedans, to understand that they would not be allowed to enjoy their games. We regret, however, that neither the Government officers nor the Hindu and the Mahomedan leaders have as yet been able to do in Bengal what was easily done in our city in 1893, and has been now still better done in Junagad State. How long will the two communities go on fighting with each other for such a trifling matter? Will our Bengal friends ever learn the useful lesson of "Give and Take" in these matters, and thereby do an immense good to India? We believe, they have no wish to injure their country, but then, why not to learn a little prudence and wisdom, and sincerely exert themselves in the right direction. The future prosperity of India is chained as it were by destiny to the good-will and union amongst the Hindus and the Mahomedans, and their eccentric manners and violent tempers should be understood to be highly blamable. The "Gujirati" observes: "All sensible Hindus and Mahomedans will welcome with satisfaction the amicable settlement that has been arrived at, between the Hindus and Mahomedans at Prabhas-Patan with the help and sympathy of the Junagad authorities. This is the best mode of ending racial differences, and we congratulate the latter as well as the leaders of the two communities, who have brought about the compact. We have no faith in punitive measures, or in the severity of sentences passed upon rioters. Whatever their temporary effect, they leave sad memories behind and make genuine "reapproachment" all but impossible."

GLIMPSES OF OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

THE "Life and Letters of Oliver Wendell Holmes," by John T. Morse, jun, give us an elaborate and pleasing picture of "The Autocrat." Oliver might have been a New England Puritan Minister, had not a certain clergyman, as he tells us, looked and talked so like an undertaker. The clergyman who filled his father's pulpit from time to time appear to have deeply impressed the boy. He seems to have regarded the ministry as a "perilous profession," in which no man could embark without great danger of becoming exceedingly disagreeable to others, and even personally unwholesome and distasteful to himself. He studied law a year. But his love was medicine. "If you would die fagged to death," he writes to his school-fellow Barnes, "like a crow with the kine birds after him—be schoool-master; if you would wax thin and savage like a half-bred spider—be a lawyer; if you would go off like an opium-eater in love with you starving delusion—be a doctor." Young Holmes accordingly, turned to medicine. He studied in Paris, and after the completion of his course, looked in upon England on his way home. He went to hear Mr. Irving:—

"He is a black, savage, saturnine, long-haired Scotsman, with a most Tyburn-looking squint to him. He said nothing remarkable that I remember, and I should suppose owes much of his reputation to a voice of great force and compass, which he managed nearly as well as Macready. . . . . Mr. Irving and his flock have given up the unknown tongue, and confine themselves to rolling up their eyes so as to show the whites in a formidable manner. I would ask for no better picture than has been presented by these poor enthusiasts, drunk with their celestial influences and babbling paltry inanities."

THACKERAY'S TWO DRAGONS.

THACKERAY was a victim of the distressing habit of procrastination. He was frequently behindhand with his work, and always haunted by the spectre of some unfinished task. One of his charming little sketches represents him endeavouring to escape from his room, while a printer's boy leans against the door to keep him in.

He recognised his fault, and often bemoaned it. One day he was visiting the studio of Baron Marochetti, when their host took down a small engraving from the wall, and presented it to him. The subject was "St George and the Dragon."

Thackeray inspected it with great delight for a few minutes, until suddenly becoming grave, he turned to one of his friends and said—

"I shall have it near the head of my bed, where I can see it every morning. We all have our dragons to fight. Do you know yours? I know mine. I have not one, but two."

"What are they?"

Imbecile and Luxury."

"I could not help smiling," says his friend, "as I thought of the prodigious amount of literary labour he had performed, and at the same time remembered the simple comfort of his dwelling next door."

"I am serious," Thackeray continued. "I never take up the pen without an effort; I work only from necessity. I never walk out without seeing something useless thing which I want to buy. Sometimes I pass the same shop with low every day for months and resist the temptation, and think I'm safe; then comes the day of weakness, and I yield. I shall look at this picture and think of my dragons though I never expect to overcome them."

PERSIAN WOMEN AT HOME.

A WRITER in the "Queen" says:—Sacred from the eyes of ordinary visitors, generally built at the back of the house, and possessing a small courtyard of its own, is the Anderun—the apartment devoted by the Persian to his womenkind. Here the upper class women live in their little world, and, narrow though it be, they would not exchange it for any amount of Western liberty. They wish for nothing better. So far from being caged birds pining for freedom, a life of wider scope and activity would be eminently distasteful to them. Love, fine clothes, jewels, and plenty of sweetmeats are the ingredients that form their happiness. In Turkey and India the harem doors are being gradually opened to progressive ideas; but in Persia, the land of retrogression and decay, no corner of the purdah has as yet been lifted. Strictly veiled, and debarred from all intercourse with the opposite sex (excepting near relations), Persian women nevertheless contrive to influence public afairs in no small degree. The most zealous apostle and preacher of the Bab was a woman, and the late Shah's mother was a person of much political importance—through her energy and diplomacy he came to the throne. There is, however, plenty of female society, and much time is spent in paying calls, attending funerals and weddings, and the bath; this last is a general meeting-place, where the gossip of the neighbourhood is exchanged and characters receive no gentle handling.

A man of wealth places the charge of the harem in the hands of eunuchs, who regulate the household expenses, see that undesirable visitors in the shape of dervishes and fortunetellers are excluded, and do their best to keep in abyance that spirit of intrigue which is as the breath in her nostrils to every Persian woman. Formerly women convicted of infidelity were horribly punished, and the matter was left in the husband's hands, but cases are now becoming happily rarer. In one small place in which I lived a women was buried alive, and the populace appeared to think it a just punishment. It is the Shah's royal prerogative to inspect every man's harem, and a visit from the "Asylum of the Universe" is a great event in the lives of the inmates, for if any one of them finds favour with the monarch she is transferred to his keeping, which is considered promotion in her eyes.

When I first knew her, the Khan's wife reigned alone as mistress of the Anduren, though shortly afterwards her husband made up the full complement allowed by the Prophet. She had come from the household of Nasr-ed-Din, but had not long enjoyed Royal favour, and therefore had been bestowed on the first person worthy of such a mark of honour. She was better educated than any other Persian woman of my acquaintance, even speaking a little French, and possessed a good figure, but plain face, which last was probably the reason of her dismissal. Conducted by a servant through the large rooms of the Khan's palace, I was delivered into the custody of a Soetee slave girl, who received me at the Anderun door, and, pulling aside a heavy curtain, showed me into the presence of the Khanum herself. She was seated in a divan of plump, silk-covered cushions near the window, and rose to receive me, revealing the indoor dress of a Persian lady, which at first sight is somewhat startling. A green silk jacket, much embroidered, slashed under the arms, and with hanging sleeves, opened in front over a thin muslin vest; a loose girdle of filagree, studded with turquoises, encircled her hips, and from this depended a silken skirt bouffante, and short as a ballet girl's (the late Shah issued a declaration that woman's skirts should end at the knee); while her shapely legs, innocent of covering, terminated in boots of the finest yellow kid. Out of doors, where I had occasionally seen her in her carriage, she presented a very different appearance, the short skirts were stuffed into baggy trousers, and her whole person enveloped in a chadar of dark blue, striped with gold, which covered every part except her eyes. Her face was, of course, painted according to the canons of Persian beauty, which declare that woman's face must be white and red, and her eyebrows as a single line, and her hands were stained orange with henna. She rose to meet me, and with many pretty compliments motioned me to a seat on the cushion beside her, and passed me her kalian (water pipe) of Bohemian glass. I inquired how she liked Bushire, and a gesture of her hands expressed contempt for her present abode. The Khanum (myself) should see Tehran, that was the place wherein to live, with its gardens, mosques, and magnificent baths. "And I," she continued, sighing eloquently over departed glories, "lived in the royal palace, I had slaves and horses, jewels too, and, as for my apartments, this (looking round the large room with disdain), by comparison, is the stable of a she camel. To an evil hour an enemy came, dust and ashes fell upon my head, I was no longer of any account, and I am here."

"Have you any children?" I knew the Khan had two sons, tiny, grave eyed motals, who took their airing near the tennis ground. A bitter look came over the painted countenance.

"No, I had a boy, beautiful as Mejnoun, strong limbed as Rustam, but he died and now I have no sons."

The bitterness was explicable; a childless wife is of small account in the harem, and is easily divorced. Still she was not without hope, and explained the methods of using certain charms, invaluable in such cases. A piece of delicate embroidery lay on a carpet near, and I asked if it were the Khanum's doing. Her doing! No, indeed, needlework was for slaves, and she was the Khan's wife, her women obeyed her. Was it true that in Ferinigistan women performed all manner of menial offices, as I had been told in this country? The guitar also belonged to one of her women, and if it pleased me I could hear her sing. Had I any jewels? She examined my solitary ring with interest, and learning that it was not my only possession, wondered that I did not wear the others. Jewels enhanced the value of women in men's eyes. They were also a consolation in old age.

The Khanum's religious convictions were vague as those of other Irani women. Allah was great and Omar accursed; she daily repeated the Kebleh (profession of faith) and worshipped at the shrines of holy men. When she died her embalmed body would make the pilgrimage to Kerberla and be buried by the tomb of the sainted Hussin. A future state did not come within the range of her philosophy. The large room had long doors or windows opening on the verandah, from whence a flight of steps led to the roof, the meetingplace in hot weather; it was scantily furnished, but the matted floor was nearly covered with valuable carpets; soft heaps of cushions, with ancient-looking chests, seemed the only furniture, and the walls were hung with curious cotton draperies printed with pictures, histories of celebrated characters, together with a few gaudy-coloured oleographs.

Refreshments were served by a very pretty girl. Sweets, cakes, and coffee, muddy, brown, and sugary, in tiny glass cups decorated with a portrait of the Shah. Then my clothes and handkerchief were sprinkled with attar of roses, which smell haunted me for weeks. On my leaving, the Khanum expressed a thousand regrets. Might she be my sacrifice, she said, but my presence had illumined her life, and bending low she laid my hand against her forehead. At the outer door a servant waited with a tray loaded with fruit and sweets, and covered with a silk handkerchief, which he carried behind me to my house—a mark of esteem and respect from the ex-wife of Nasr-ed-Din.

CONCERNING DRESS.

A Lady correspondent of "the Westminster Gazette" writes:—The soft neutral tint grows daily in Fashion's favour, while the full colour is relegated more and more to the accessory of the gown and the head-gear, a result that we have gradually attained, passing from strong violets, blues, &c., to the milder effects of rich colour veiled by neutral transparency, and thence to the simple grey or greyish-blue and blurred designs that more suggest than actually express any definite colour. The neutral tone should be courted by the economical; it does not carry date, and gives much freedom in the matter of its accompaniment. Who has not discovered the value of a fawn coloured coat and skirt? How delightfully it consorts with any and every bright becoming tone in vest or hat! Besides, the gown or coat and skirt of neutral tone relieved by a fair proportion of one's pet colour is far and away more enhancing to the face and form than a mass of one full colour.

That most worthy extravagance, or I should say economy, a first-class tailor-built coat and skirt, should, unless "money be no object," be always chosen of a neutral tint or—of navy blue.

The costliness of this costume is a sore subject for the victim of a limited allowance. A girl with from twenty to thirty pounds a year for dress cannot make up her mind to spend, say, six or seven of it once a year on one garment, so betakes herself to some third-rate tailor or even dressmaker who equips her villainously for about three guineas, while she dribbles the difference between that and well-cut shapeliness on a number of other indifferent purchases. A good coat and skirt should be her cornerstone, provided with which she is prepared for almost any occasion, and if wisely designed it will serve for both summer and winter wear—the coat of the "open or closed build" and the cloth of smooth close texture, say of the lighter kinds of melton or of covert coating. Extra severity in the weather can easily be provided against by the under bodice or vest. Let me, then, persuade the maiden of moderate means to relinquish the error of her ways, and save up that superfluous seven guineas, remembering that after a year's wear it will be still to the fore, and after a visit to the cleaner's serve as second best to her next year's repetition, and save it from the rainy day or the "touching it" summer excursion. But surely I have preached enough! Let me turn to fresh fields and pastures new in the form of the afternoon gown, which I hold second in importance. I saw a charming confection of this kind at the opening of the Autumn Fine Art Exhibition at No. 1, Belgrave-square (a very good show, by the way). It consisted of a black alpaca skirt and sleeves with a bodice of blue glace covered by alternate downward lines of turquoise-blue chiffon gathered and lawn insertion. A well-fitting blouse or evening bodice that has passed its first youth would, treated thus, prove an unqualified success, as silk is at present quite fit and proper for afternoon wear. A whole evening gown may often be utilised in some such manner. Effective dressing is as often the result of a resourceful mind as a long purse.

An artist gives a suggestion for a bridesmaid's gown that may perhaps furnish an idea to the over-taxed brain of some bride prospective. Preference should be given to a fabric that would render the gown serviceable throughout the summer, though the sleeves should, if possible, be formed of the guipure lace shown in the drawing, and not fail to possess the tiny buttons which surround the point at the top or the pretty fichu knotted in an aggressive bow at the back. Let me propose for this little gown—first, figured chine, with a chiffon fichu and satin waistband of some tone selected from the colouring of the silk; secondly, white glace with white or coloured ecostera; thirdly, alpaca or mohair, or etamine in some light tint, with satin and chiffon as the accessory.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevent tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 1s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 19, Farringdon Road, London, England.

PROGRESS IN SIAM.

OPENINGS FOR BRITISH ENTERPRISE.

THE Siamese Government have now published a report made to the King by H. R. H. Prince Devawongse, Minister for Foreign Affairs, on the Agreement come to between England and France.

The contents of the report are quite familiar to English readers, as they consist merely of the Agreement itself and extracts from the English and French official notes bearing thereon. The local effect of this publication is most reassuring, all the Siamese feeling a security that has hitherto been lacking, and the dread of possible French aggression at any time, and consequent financial loss, is removed from the trading community. The foreign residents in Siam, with, of course, the exception of the consular officials and a few tutors to Siamese princes and nobles, are mainly interested in the rice and teak trades, and the shipping business in connection with them. Among them there is but one French firm, and that is worked by a German staff by Eng ish capital. It is thus easily seen that so long as there was the least chance of Bangkok becoming a French port with prohibitive tariffs such as prevail at Saigon, any tendency to launch out into new enterprise has been greatly suppressed. On the Siamese part there has been the same backwardness, although, to their credit be it said, there has been a tendency towards improving the administrative machinery.

One step in this direction was the establishment some time back of a Legislative Council. Such a body may probably lead to delay in the work of legislation, seeing that without it the King might legislate with greater expedition of an undivided responsibility, but it is openly declared that the real object of his Majesty is to train men through the Legislative Council for administrative work in the provinces.

In the administration of justice great strides have been made, and a healthy feeling is growing up as regards bribery, that will soon make this offence very rare indeed. Extra judges have been appointed, and more courts established, so that, at last, men who have been in prison awaiting trial for years are getting their cases heard and judgment delivered.

Up-country, unhappily, things are not so satisfactory. There are very few truly honest governors, and cattle lifting, often accompanied by several murders, is in full swing by armed bands of men, often secretly in the pay of the governors themselves. Nor are cattle the only plunder looked for. Anyone known or reputed to be possessed of valuables may be sure of a call from one of these bands. Even in Bangkok itself such offences are not unknown.

The trouble to Europeans is that this unsettled state of the interior interferes with their trade. The proportion of teak logs stolen beyond recovery on their way down the river is far too large. Then the theft of cattle interferes with the paddy growers, and often leads to their fields being left uncultivated from loss of the buffaloes needed for ploughing and so forth. Even when the paddy in reaped there is no certainty of getting it down to Bangkok to the rice mills. All the way up the river are innumerable canals which run into the land, and it is along these that the paddy is brought in the growers' boats and so down the river to Bangkok. But Government, does nothing to keep these canals open, while many of the owners of land through which they pass find it to their advantage to block them up. When the little growers arrive with their harvest these big men pose as philanthropists. They point out that it will be impossible to get out of the canal until the river rises in the wet season, and that then it will be too late for the market. May be, the little man is in a hurry to realise, which makes matters yet the worse for him, and when the obstructionist assumes a generous air, and offers about half the value of his paddy, aiding that it will be risky to keep it for so many months, but out of his kindness of his heart he will chance any loss by doing so, the little man gladly accepts the offer.

The navigation of the river is another difficulty. A Siamese youth has been appointed harbour master, on the strength of experience gained in the Danish navy! He honestly does his best, and as he gains experience may become a passable officer. He has one great difficulty to overcome, in that he has no remedy against any foreign-owned lighter (the worst offenders) breaking the harbour regulations. He has also an insufficient staff, and has not been properly supported by his Government. * But this last state of things seems to be coming to an end. The King has given orders for the immediate carrying out of certain reforms.

The bar at the mouth of the river is a great hindrance to trade. Ships can usually cross it at high water coming up, as they are rarely fully loaded. Going out, however, they take in part of their cargo, completing their loading outside the bar. For this work they go either to Koh-si-Chang or to Aughin—places east and west of the river respectively—according to the monsoon. The remainder of the cargo, is sent down in lighters, and there taken in. There is no police arrangements at either place, and the Chinese coolies employed in the work are the most unruly and impudent that are known. Many a skipper puts up with the determined insults of these fellows rather than cause a general melee by resenting them, and on more than one occasion nothing but a strong display of revolver power by the ship's company has enabled anything to be done at all with safety. The dredging of the bar would thus be welcomed by all the shipping people.

Socially, the Siamese are undoubtedly advancing. There are now quite a number of men of good position whose wives accompany them in public, driving to entertainments, and so forth. A more general reading of newspapers is doing much to form their views and to develop that public opinion in which Oriental nations are so sadly wanting. A leading nobleman, Chow Phya Bhaskarawongse, chief of the Education Department, has opened on his own responsibility a free reading-room, where papers and magazines are supplied and freely read. A literary institute is part of the scheme, with weekly meetings at which papers are read and discussion encouraged, European ladies as well as Siamese helping in this respect. The latest development is a night school purely for the teaching of English, established in response to a very general desire among young Siamese.

On one point the Siamese yet need a deal of educating. The money that is absolutely squandered at the cremation of anyone of importance is appalling. One feature of these occasions is the scattering of limes, in each of which a silver coin is placed, and a large proportion of gold ones at royal cremations. Also, recently, sprigs of artificial flowers were distributed, each flower having a silver coin for its centre. Fireworks, theatrical performances, and lavish display of all sorts, absorb vast sums of money for which far better use could be made. At present, however, when many uses could be found for capital, a vast mausoleum is about to be begun to receive the ashes of the late Crown Prince. It will be of the lavish style of architecture common to Royal buildings, will rise 120 feet into the air, and will cover a considerable area. It will take a long time to build, and meanwhile the body still remains, enclosed in a silver urn, in the room in the Palace where it was originally deposited. Undoubtedly the cremation will be conducted on a style to eclipse all previous ones as the mausoleum is to surpass all other local buildings, and yet the Prince was a mere boy who had never performed any public function.

But with all the causes for complaint from the European point of view, the Siamese display other traits which render the future of the country more hopeful. They have a desire for progress. The King, enlightened and progressive as he is, is not working alone. While there are some who belong to what is called the "Old Siam" party, there are many more who would speak of themselves as "Young Siam." His Majesty is consequently leading his people with him, and the great care he displays not to go faster than they can follow promises well for the gradual leveling-up of the whole nation, rather than the development of a Liberal aristocracy totally out of touch with an ultra-Conservative democracy. Much is now expected to follow from the Anglo-French agreement, and the greater confidence that will flow from it. The railway now building to Korat is an earnest of the interest taken by the Government in the importance of improved communication, and it is almost certain that another line will be undertaken northward to Chiang Mai as soon as the Government can see its way. This will lead to the opening up of the vast mineral wealth of the interior, and will afford opportunities for the profitable investment of British capital in many directions. I say British advisedly, as the bulk of the trade is already British. English is "the" trade language, spoken by all nationalities, and used, alone of European tongues, in the local news-papers, in circulars, on the shop fronts, and by the Post Office and other official departments. Whatever friendly feeling there is among the natives is absorbed by the British, and they would thus find, when engaged in enterprises in the interior, that they possessed all the advantages that appertain to a prevalent friendly sentiment such as hearty co-operation and ease of securing labour, advantages by no means to be despised in a tropical country."—"Daily News."

A STEAM FLYING MACHINE.

PROFESSOR BELL, of telephone fame, has publicly announced that he has witnessed a trial of a steam aerodrome which, he thinks, will prove to be an incident of historic importance. The inventor (says the "Stanard" New York correspondent) is Professor Langley, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. The machine rose in spirals of a hundred yards in diameter to a height of one hundred feet, and completed a course of half a mile at the rate of twenty miles as hour. When the steam supply failed the aerodrome descended without injury. The experiment was repeated several times. Professor Bell says what he saw was sufficient to prove that mechanical flight through the air is practicable. Professor Langley says a larger machine will enable him to economise the steam by a condenser, and that thus longer flights may be made. The aerodrome is worked solely by propellers; no gas is used.

"The Chronicle's" correspondent says the machine is built of steel, and is about a thousand times heavier than the air which supports it, much as thin ice supports with skater. The machine in motion suggests a huge bird, soaring in large curves. No passengers were carried in the trial trips.

A New York journalist, by the way, has just made an effort, and with a certain measure of success to fly with the machine some time ago invented by Herr Lilienthal.

It looks as though there were a possibility of "the invention of flying" forming a chapter in the history of the century yet?

A LIVING FOSSIL.

PROFESSOR DENNY recently gave a demonstration to his students at Firth College, Sheffield, of a very unusual and interesting nature. Among the most ancient of animals still inhabiting our globe is the so-called mud-fish (Protopterus) of Africa—a creature worthy of our respect, if only in consideration of its vast antiquity, which dates far back in the early ages of the world. Of popular interest, the most striking feature of the mud-fish is the possession of lungs as well as gills. On the approach of the dry season, in its natural haunts in Central Africa, the mud-fish hollows out a chamber in mud, and enters upon a period of rest extending over many months, during which time it is without access to water, and breathes air only. While in the mud these fishes may be dug up, and survive even after a journey across the world in the dry state. Professor Denny has received one of these mud-blocks. In the presence of the students the hard block was placed in warm water, and after being thus exposed for nearly two hours the fish which went to sleep in tropical Africa many months ago awoke and came forth from its temporary sepulchre to find itself in a bath of tap-water in the Biological Laboratory of Firth College, where it is now alive, and doubtless happy.

THE JOYS OF POLO.

THE polo match, Married v. Single, which was played at Ranelagh on the opening of the English polo season has enabled an observer from the "Pall Mall Gazette," who went to see it, to express the opinion that the game ought to be a great deal more popular than it is. Polo, both as a game to play and a game to look on at, he says, has many elements of popularity, which are denied to other sports. In the first place there is none of the objectionable crowding to get in which is so unpopular a characteristic of Association football. To have once looked on at a match is a mark of social distinction which the compilers of the "Court Guide" could hardly ignore, and is probably not inferior to a combination of shareholders in the Chartered Company and Fellows of the Imperial Institute. To play the game is to gain the "cachet" of hero-millionaire. It is strange that with these recommendations the game is not much more popular both with players and spectators. Consider its attractions from the point of view of the spectators. It is played at a sweet place like Ranelagh. No 'buses nor trams pass the door, and there is no railway station within a mile, so that you have no difficulty whatever in driving to it. This is an advantage so great that it ought to attract thousands of spectators to every match that is played. When you get there you find yourself in a lovely timbered park, the drive through which is only separated from the towing-path of the Boat-race course of the river by a deep ditch and a fence. These obstacles, though impassable are perfectly transparent, and as you walk about inside you are safe to be enviously eyed by holiday making or out-of-work members of the proletariat. This is

AN ADVANTAGE WHICH OUGHT TO ATTRACT VOTARIES

by tens of thousands to every celebration of the sport. Then, again, the sport is as select as the most suburban dancing class. You cannot get in unless you are a member or are introduced by a member. Every one knows that to be a member implies that, if you have not yet come into the title and the family estates, you are, at least, in the Guards; while, as members never by any chance give cards of invitation to others than their social superiors, it is hard to understand why hundreds of thousands of people are not driven to the sport. Then look at the recommendation the game has from the active point of view. It has been computed that if you are a very good player, each stroke you play in a match will cost you a guinea. If you are a beginner you may only get one or two strokes in an afternoon, and the cost per stroke will mount up to fifty or a hundred guineas, according to the thoroughness of your equipment. Here then, is the strongest incentive to proficiency. But even to the most proficient it is an unattainable certificate of large means. To pursue the sport you have first of all to possess the virtues which will gain you admission to one of the most exclusive of clubs the secretary of which is the eldest son of a marquis. An afternoon's play implies the possession of three or four or more racehorses, which are modestly called ponies, and a retinue of grooms. The mere fact of playing, quite apart from the merits of the player, is a guarantee of vast wealth and commands civility from the income-tax department, and unlimited credit from obsequious tradesmen.

IT IS A SERIOUS REPROACH

to the good judgment of the nation that a game possessing such incidental advantages as these is not played by millions. Of the fierce joy and excitement of playing none can speak except the players and the horses. To say that it is a kind of hockey on horseback does not suggest much. It does not suggest the lightning pace of the game, the skill of horsemanship, the ability, while at full gallop and in imminent danger of a disastrous collision, to deliver with a long cleek an unerring back-handed stroke at a rolling white ball. In attempting this feat, to lose one's balance and fall off would mean, at the least the consequences of an average railway accident; to miss the ball would entail loss of social standing. And then the long straight runs, the glorious opportunities when the ball comes your way while you are in full gallop. It falls, perhaps, on your wrong side at first. You bring your club arm over your pony's neck, and leaning forward give a delicate little stroke, and behind runs the ball conveniently into play. Then recovering yourself with a great swing of the stick, you strike it fair, and it flies ahead in a straight line for goal. To pursue it at full gallop, to get in the way of the pursuing opponents to come up with the ball—these

ANOTHER MIGHTY, CLEAN, STRAIGHT, STROKE,

to send it whizzing between the goal-posts, these appear to be some of the joys of polo. When Eton men in England admire these exploits, the fairest women applaud them. The tremendous energy, the keenness, the rushing to do, without stopping to think, the danger, are features of the game, which, when you have once played, enable you to know what war is like. Polo is a game in which the casual spectator would imagine that the man conscious of a wife and family would play at a disadvantage. One of the Single side at Ranelagh, charging at full gallop, the goal had to choose between guiding his pony safely between the posts, or of delivering a final stroke that would take the ball through. He gave the stroke and made the goal, and the same instant horse and rider came crash against one of the uprights. It was, fortunately, the goal post that was smashed. The Singles made seven goals in the half-dozen ten-minute spells to four made by the Married.

A BLACK LOOKOUT FOR POOR MANKIND.

MAX NORDAU, in his "Paradoxes," which has now been translated into English, indulges himself with a glance into futurity, and draws the horoscope of the human race in a spirit which to many will seem to be pessimistic in the superlative degree. The time will come when the whole earth will have become settled with the white races, and they have overflowed the temperate zones of the earth and extirpated the feebler black races. "Many hundreds of years, probably thousands of years, will elapse before the pangs of hunger will have driven the white man of the upper portion of the Congo, to the banks of the Ganges and the Amazon, and before the last savages of the primitive forests of Brazil, New Guinea, and Ceylon will have disappeared before him." But ultimately, he assures us, the entire earth will be under the plough and the locomotive of the sons of Europe, and then will set in an age of dead and depressing uniformity.

"Everywhere will be found repeated the same type of features and physique; everywhere kindred European languages, opinions, customs, and usages; every where the familiar forms of state and culture; and everywhere will some civilised white man have inscribed his proprietary right to the soil with the sacred furrows of his plough;" so that Collectivism is not in the vista. The tropics will for a time save the world from being overstocked. The Equator will become a mighty Moloch—a "frightful cauldron in which human flesh will be liquified and evaporated," and fed from the surplus peoples of the more temperate and healthful zones; it is not hinted that in time the white races also might become acclimatised. Then a change will be developed that will set the current of human life more strongly than ever towards the tropics. The earth will become sensibly cooler; the ice-belt around the poles will slide lower and lower, until all culture and civilisation will be concentrated at the Equator."

"Here will be erected palaces and academies, high schools and museums, and here will thoughts, researches, compositions, and creations be carried out. Here alone will human beings be able still to spend their lives in a perfect way. So much the worse for the sluggish or the timid who have tarried in the older countries. Even though they should finally decide, under pressure of the onward-forced wall of ice, to grasp their travellers' staves, they will find the pleasant settlements occupied. They will encamp like a pack of wolves on the borders of the magic circle and will gaze with ravenous, covetous eyes over into the life of plenty; but as often as they should venture to burst in and capture booty, they will be driven back to their fiery deserts by the energetic lords of those lands of bliss."

Over the final scene Dr Nordau draws a veil.

SIR WALTER SCOTT'S FIRST LOVE.

IN writing "The Story of Sir Walter Scotts's First Love" Mr. Adam Scott has brought to bear a wide knowledge and a sympathetic insight upon a subject which has not received the attention it deserves from lovers of our greatest novelist. There is little definite known about this tragic secret of Sir Walter's life. There are only a fragmentary correspondence, the testimony of contemporaries and the internal evidence that an understanding heart can draw from the poems and novels to guide the inquirer; but these are sufficient upon which to from a tolerably fair estimate of the effect that the bitter experience had upon the character and career of Scott. This one thing is certain, that though Scott, after his disappointment kept his feelings strictly under control, and saved his soul from cynicism, finally married and enjoying a fair share of domestic felicity, he never loved another women as he had done Willamina Stuart. "The first love, which is infinite, hath no other like unto it," and there are many proofs that Scott to the last day of his life could not without intense pain look back upon these "three years' dreaming and two years of wakening." But if the burden was hard to bear, it is not without its recompense for as the author truly observes, "in a nature like that of Scott, endowed with noble and generous instincts, and where, despite the weaknesses and inconsistencies to which all are more or less liable, the natural feelings are gentle, pure, and good, the results of what becomes a kind of religion of the heart, even though saddening, are in the long run purifying, elevating, and humanising. It tends to sweeten the whole life and character. The sympathies are widened, and the tenderness for the feelings and sufferings of others comes to him who has known so well, in its severest forms, what mental suffering can be." Messrs Macniven & Wallace are the publishers of this interesting book.

DR. J. T. LAWRENCE'S "The Principles of International Law" (Macmillan and Co.) is a work of wide learning and research, written in a thoroughly judicial tone. As an illustration of his method, one may cite his summing-up of the case for and against our Government in the affair of the seizure of the Trent. As DR. Lawrence clearly shows, neither Earl Russell nor Mr. Seward was entirely in the right. The case throughout was argued on an erroneous assumption. Mr. Seward laboured to prove that the Confederate Commissioners and their suite were contraband of war, which they could not possibly be, not being goods or chattels, and Lord Russell strove to prove that they were not. The real principle involved was what the international lawyers call unneutral service. From this point of view the arrest of Messrs. Slidell and Mason was illegal. To maintain the contrary would be to maintain the legality of a seizure of a Dover packet-boat by a Federal or Confederate cruiser, supposing an important diplomatic agent of the other side were crossing in her, from England to France or "vice versa." The Monroe doctrine and arbitration between England and the United States are among the many important questions so ably dealt with in Dr. Lawrence's pages.

SPECIALITE FOR THE SKIN—Purest, most emolient and most hygienic of all soaps—The ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath, and nursery; and leaves the skin in a pure refreshed and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to sensitive, skins. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

CHINAMEN, when they refer to their wives—which is as seldom as possible—speak of them as "My dull thorn," or "The thorn in my ribs," or "The mean one of the inner room." Children similar

BILE-LADEN BLOOD.

HEALTHY BILE.

When the Liver is not making Healthy Bile, or insufficient quantity, the Blood becomes impure, the groundwork of disease, and produces Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headaches, Moping, Melancholy, Gout, Rheumatism, and nearly every form of disease.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is the simplest and best remedy yet introduced. It prevents Diarrhœa, and removes it in the early stages.

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assists the functions of the LIVER, BOWELS, SKIN, and KIDNEYS by Natural Means; thus the Blood is freed from POISONOUS or other HURTFUL MATTERS. It is impossible to overstate its great value. THERE IS NO DOUBT that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SEVERE ILLNESS. Without such a simple precaution, the JEOPARDY of LIFE is IMMENSELY INCREASED.

SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable Disease.—"I have been a nurse for upwards of ten years, and in that time have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S FRUIT SALT, which has kept my blood in a pure state. I recommended it to all my patients during convalescence. Its value as a means of health cannot be overestimated.—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE. "April 21st, 1894."

EASTERN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

Cavendish Square, W., October 26, 1894.

DEAR SIR,—I have recently returned from Eastern Equatorial Africa, where I lived for upwards of 12 years.

I enjoyed phenomenal health, and in my opinion it was undoubtedly owing to the daily use of your "Fruit Salt," the beneficial qualities of which I had previously found in England. I have no hesitation in saying that my life was preserved by it.

On my way home I had a severe attack of intermittent fever, the sea was rough, and the ship's medical attendant was (as that officer usually is) prostrate with "mal de mer," and unable to attend to anyone. The fever gained and gained on me, but after a few doses of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I at last fell into a refreshing sleep, and found on awakening that the intense thirst had gone, and long before I had arrived at Aden was as well as I had ever been in my life. I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ANGLO-AFRICAN.

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'" without you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Prepared only at ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON S.E. By J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

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Placed in a kettle, it is most interesting and instructive to watch the development of the 'Octopus,' week by week until at the end of, say two or three months, it resembles a block of coral, and becomes an unimpeachable witness of its usefulness.

EACH.
Kettle Size ... 2/6
Small Boiler Size ... 5/-
Medium Boiler Size ... 7/6

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EXERCISE ON THIS SADDLE
Creates Appetite & Cures Dyspepsia,
Quickens the Circulation,
Stimulates the Liver,
Relieves Hysteria, Insomnia,
Gout & Rheumatism,
And Safely Reduces Obesity.

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The QUEEN: "Either a strong woman can indulge in violent exercise, or an invalid, a delicate woman, or a child may derive benefit."
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WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	Has maintained its reputation for over **Sixty Years** as the most **reliable remedy for Tropical Disorders.**
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RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

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"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—*Medical Review.*
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PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR.

SPECIALLY PREPARED AND PERFUMED FOR TOILET USE.

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST.

"Dear Sir,—After trying several hair-producers, and giving yours a fair trial, I must acknowledge it to be the best. "S. BENNETT,
"19, Gloucester Place, Liverpool."

DESPAIRED OF SUCCESS.

"Sir,—My delight at the remarkable results produced by the use of your 'Harlene' impels me to testify to its efficacy. I had tried several other applications and had despaired of success, when I was advised to try yours. I have used three bottles, and, as a result, my hair is as plentiful as it was ten years ago. "G. COSTA,
"4, Rue de la Sourdiere, Paris."

THE HON. MRS. THOMPSON'S TESTIMONY.

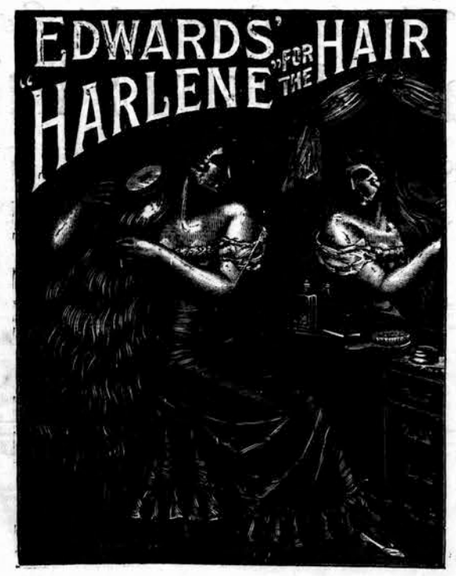
"Ackworth Moor Top, Pontefract.
"The Hon. Mrs. Thompson desires to testify to the value of 'Harlene' for strengthening and preserving the hair, and will be pleased to allow her testimony to be publicly used."

DONE WONDERS FOR MY HAIR.

"Sir,—Please send me one 5s. 6d. bottle of 'Harlene.' I have used it for the last eighteen months, and it has done wonders for my hair. I now wish to induce a friend of mine to try it; also a bottle of 'Violetta.' "JANE LEECH,
"The Oaks, Wisbeach Road, King's Lynn."

VAIN REGRETS.

"Gentlemen,—I have tried your 'Harlene,' and find that there is none to equal it. I only regret that I did not try it years ago. "MISS PRESTON,
"Southend Villas, Syston, near Leicester."



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"Sir,—Kindly forward another bottle of 'Harlene.' I like it immensely. I think it an excellent dressing for the hair, and prefer it to any other. "MRS. ROSE,
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"Sir,—I am pleased to testify to the efficacy of your 'Harlene.' My little boy (four and a-half years old has had a bald place on the back of his head from his birth. I applied the 'Harlene' to the place daily, and the result has been most satisfactory."

[Name and address suppressed by desire. Original may be seen.]

FOR EYEBROWS AND RENEWING THE HAIR.

"Dear Sir,—I have used your 'Harlene' for nearly four years, and have found it most satisfactory for the eyebrows and eyelashes, also for renewing the hair.
"6, Belgrave Terrace, Brighton." "MISS TRISS,

A MARKED IMPROVEMENT.

"Dear Sirs,—Having used one bottle of your 'Harlene' I noticed a marked improvement; my hair is beginning to grow, and the scurf has disappeared. I will recommend it to my friends. "MISS WEBB,
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DELIGHTED WITH THE HAIR TONIC.

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GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1883-84.

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LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION.
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To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.
This is to certify that I have carefully Analysed a sample of the "CARLTON WHISKEY." and it is a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance. In my opinion the Whisky is of a very high character.
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CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

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ELLIMAN'S Royal EMBROCATION
Very efficacious for Horses in my Reg't
LIEUT.-COL. BLUMENTHAL
2nd Dragoon Regt.
Prepared only by ELLIMAN SONS & Co. SLOUGH ENGLAND.
ELLIMAN'S for GERMANY.

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.
Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON,
Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

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"CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 54, Holborn Viaduct, London. January 18th, 1888. I hereby certify that I have submitted to a careful examination and chemical analysis, a sample purchased by myself from the stock of a well-known firm of wholesale druggists, of the preparation known as 'Koko for the Hair.' I find nothing in this preparation which could be injurious either to the head or hair, and the results of the analysis lead me to pronounce 'Koko for the Hair' a pleasant dressing, which would undoubtedly be advantageous in many cases. I discovered in the preparation no ingredients of the nature of a colouring matter or dye.
"EDWY GODWIN CLAYTON, F.I.C., F.C.S.,
"Member of the Society of Public Analysts, &c."

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"Grand flavour, delicate aroma."
"Dietetic, sustaining properties."—Vide *Analysts.*
SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE,
½ lb. Packets. (Yellow Wrappers.)
CHOCOLATE WAFERS.
Large and Small Boxes. A delicious eating Chocolate.
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A superior eating Chocolate in handsome horseshoe boxes.
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The most tasteful Dessert Sweetmeat. Elegant Boxes.
"REVIVISCENT" CHOCOLATE.
Invented and prepared chiefly for use in cases where sugar is considered harmful. Guaranteed without sugar or farinaceous substances. (Vide *Lancet.*)

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For Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Claim a superiority over all other Gout and Rheumatic medicines. They give relief from pain in a few hours, and a speedy cure. Their action is so gentle (the composition being purely vegetable) that they may be taken by the most delicate persons.

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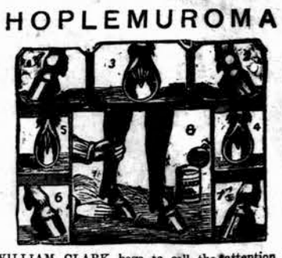

WILLIAM CLARK begs to call the attention of the Nobility and Gentry, also Trainers and Dealers, and all who have the care and management of Horses, to his

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(HOOF OINTMENT)

For the improvement of the growth of Horses' Feet also to cure and prevent Navicular Disease, Jarring, Fever in the Feet, Brittle and Shelly Feet, Sand Cracks, Seedy Toes, Diseased Frogs, Corns, Cracked and Greasy Heels, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Throats, &c., also prevents Horses throwing Shoes.

This matchless preparation causes the Horn to grow about three-quarters of an inch per month, making it tough and wiry, and prevents it breaking away, and does not stop Horses from doing their usual work, besides being highly conducive to the general health and well-being of the Horse's Foot.

After successful applications of the above for 35 years, and during that period never knowing it to fail, W. C. can with the greatest confidence recommend it, and also feels it his duty to make the public acquainted with a preparation so valuable for the cure of the above-mentioned diseases, and no Stable ought to be without it.

1. Sound Foot. 2. Seedy Toe. 3. Sound Foot and Frog. 4. Diseased Foot. 5. Contracted Foot. 6. Sound Foot. 7. Brittle, Shelly and Sand Crack. 8. Application of Hoplemuroma.

Yours faithfully, J. S. MIDDLETON.

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For restoring and preserving all kinds of Patent Enamel, and Morocco Leather. It renders them perfectly elastic. It will not attract heat. Likewise for cleaning and restoring Oil Paintings, Carriage Panels, &c. For French Polished, Japanned, and Varnished Goods, it will be found unequalled.

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For Cleaning, Beautifying, and Preserving all kinds of Brown Leather Boots and Shoes and every description of Brown Leather.

Made in Three Shades—
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For Removing Stains and Restoring Leather to its Original Colour.

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Warranted not to injure the leather.

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A certain cure for Horses' Sore Throats, Irritation of the Throat, Strangles, Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ringbones, Capped Hocks, &c. Enlarged or Stiff Joints can be reduced by the use of this preparation giving freedom of action. Contracted Muscles, Sinews, and Sidebones made elastic. It is the quickest known remedy to reduce inflammation, and does not Blister or cause any Irritation when applied, or remove the hair.

This Preparation is so simple in its use that it does not prevent the animal from doing it usual daily work during its application. This is a very great advantage. To Breeders, Trainers, Jeb Masters, &c., it is a most invaluable remedy, and during the last 25 years has effected some wonderful cures.

A bottle of Embrocation accompanies the same, and should be used alternatively.

This is the most humane remedy ever introduced to the public, as it does away with the painful operations of firing and blistering, and causes the animal no pain whatever.

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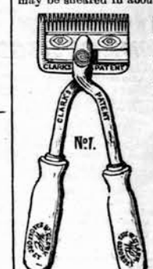
For Horse Clipping and Sheep Shearing.

By means of this Machine a horse can be clipped in about half-an-hour, only one man and boy being required. It works at the rate of between 2,000 and 3,000 cuts per minute, and the cutters being made with the Patent Grasshopper Springs, never require sharpening; also used for Sheep shearing. A sheep may be sheared in about three minutes. Price 7-7-0.

HORSE-CLIPPERS.



No. 1.—ORIGINAL.—This well-known Instrument has now been before the public for twenty years, and has given universal satisfaction, and is everywhere acknowledged to be by far the best and cheapest in the market. It has been known to clip between 200 and 300 horses before requiring sharpening.

No. 2.—One-handed Clipper for heads, manes, quarters, and difficult parts, leaving one hand at liberty to hold the horse, thus enabling the clipping to be performed by one man only. This Machine is also used for clipping Poodles.

No. 3.—One-handed Clipper, with coarser teeth for legs and bellies, and coarse hair, which would break the finer teeth, avoiding the necessity of getting under the animal and consequent liability of accident to the man and also to the machine itself.

No. 4.—A two-handed Instrument, with the Patent Grasshopper Springs over the plates. This improvement renders the machines simply perfect, producing a softness and ease of motion not to be surpassed, whilst by the peculiar and continuous self-acting pressure of the spring the two plates are kept in cutting contact, and the machine requires no further sharpening. It is, therefore, specially adapted for the Colonies.

No. 5.—Has a third pressure plate, which, bearing on the entire cutting portion of the machine, produces a soft and even motion.

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Of Various Sizes and Description of Makes.

(1) Is a Grasshopper Spring Clipper made in 5 different lengths of cut, namely, ⅛, ¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝ of an inch. This machine is the best in existence, and will keep on the cut for years. The springs between the two handles are the best, as they give more power to the cut, and last much longer than others.

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THOMSON'S "GLOVE-FITTING" CORSET

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Two Gold First Medals.

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COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.

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INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

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A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL ORNAMENT,

SPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR OUR INDIAN CONSTITUENTS.

PLAYING 24 DISTINCT AIRS ON 4 CYLINDERS.

EXTRA SPARE CYLINDERS SUPPLIED TO ORDER.

EUROPEAN OR INDIAN MUSIC.

IN MASSIVE SOLID WOOD CASE, artistically inlaid with fancy coloured woods, forming a CONSPICUOUS and FASCINATING ORNAMENT, SPECIALLY SUITED FOR A PALACE OR DARBAR HALL.

Each Box has FOUR INTERCHANGEABLE CYLINDERS. Each playing Six distinct Airs, IN ALL PLAYING 24 SEPARATE AIRS.

WITH HIGHLY ORNAMENTAL TABLE, as illustrated, having drawers specially fitted to contain the spare cylinders when not in use. The Table and Box stand 48 inches in height, 46 inches in length and 27 inches in width.

We also supply THE SAME QUALITY HARMONIPHONE WITHOUT TABLE and measuring 36 inches in length, 18 inches in width and 14 inches in height.

THIS SPECIAL QUALITY OF HARMONIPHONE CAN ONLY BE OBTAINED FROM

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For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient milk is INVALUABLE IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER. Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY.

Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz.: "The only Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C.,
27th November, 1894.

SIR,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an Advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the Advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 3) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 5317, and its date is 3rd May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphodyne" by itself, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is numbered 13697, and is of date 26th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,
(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883

DR LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

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Is employed with the greatest success for Infants of all Races. MELLIN'S FOOD is adapted for the use of Infants from birth. MELLIN'S FOOD may be modified in preparation to suit the requirements of the weak and sickly as well as for the strong and vigorous.

MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India.

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And see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

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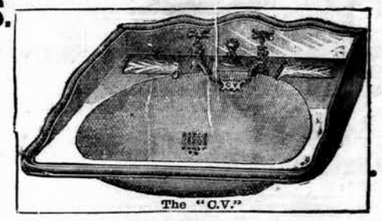

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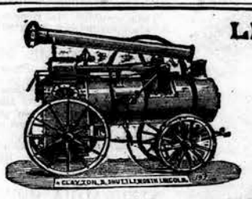

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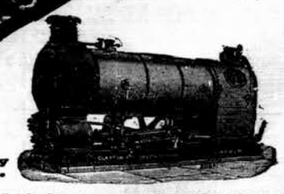

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